2017 HEALTH CARE ENTITIES OVERVIEW FOR KNOWLEDGE COACH USERS

PURPOSE

This document is published for the purpose of communicating, to users of the toolset, updates and enhancements included in the current version. This document is not, and should not be used as an audit program to update the audit documentation of an engagement started in a previous version of this product.

WORKPAPER UPDATES AND ROLL FORWARD NOTES

General Roll Forward Note:

You must be the current editor of all Knowledge Coach workpapers to update to the latest content, and you must be the current editor upon opening the updated workpaper for the first time to ensure you see the updated workpaper.

The **2017** *Knowledge-Based Audits of Health Care Entities* has been updated to help auditors conduct efficient and effective audit engagements in accordance with U.S. GAAS and to take into account the latest literature, standards, and guidance, including AICPA Statement on Auditing Standards (SAS) No. 132, The Auditor's Consideration of an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern; Government Auditing Standards (GAGAS) 2011 Revision; The Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards contained in the 2nd Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200 – 2CFR200; Chapter 3 of the Yellow Book, including a new framework for independence with conditions, remediation, and safeguards. The 2017–2018 tools include links to detailed analysis related to the steps and processes discussed in the workpapers. Many new tips and examples have been incorporated. Also included are revised financial statement disclosures checklists that provide a centralized resource of the required and recommended U.S. GAAP disclosures and key presentation items currently in effect, using the style referencing under the FASB Accounting Standards CodificationTM.

The 2017 edition of Knowledge-Based Audits of Health Care Entities includes the following updates:

Knowledge-Based Audit Documents (KBAs): have been modified and updated, where applicable, in accordance with standards, for consistency, and to customize wording for the industry.

- KBA-303 title has been modified to Inquiries of Management and Others within the Entity about the Risks of Fraud and Noncompliance with Laws and Regulations
- KBA-501 title has been modified to *Team Discussion and Consideration of the Risks of Material Misstatement.*

Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
KBA-101	Overall Audit Strategy				
New	New TQ, "Will the audit be conducted in accordance with Government Auditing Standards (GAGAS)?" that will flow from AUD-100.				
Modify	Minor wording modifications and additional references added throughout; updated practice point regarding group audit; added verbiage about component materiality.				
Modify	Section I, item 6 modified; now reads: Need for statutory, regulatory, or other audit reporting requirements (e.g., GAGAS, Uniform Guidance) and	Section 1	N		

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Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
	expected deadlines and communications with third parties.				
Modify	Section I, Characteristics of the Audit Engagement, Reporting Requirements: Audit Coverage, consideration 1 modified; now reads as follows: Does the entity have multiple components, multiple locations, or segments (i.e., group audit)?	Text	Y	AU-C 600	Step will retain on roll forward by using the default settings in KBA-200.
New	Section 1, Use of Other Information, new step: Has the auditor prepared documentation related to compliance with the GAGAS independence requirements related to nonaudit/nonattest services? The auditor may also use AID-201 to document these independence considerations. This step will show if the new TQ above is answered as "Yes".				
KBA-103	Evaluating and Communicating Internal Control Deficient	ncies			
Modify	Updated, modified, and reorganized throughout; added instructions and column as to whether prudent official would reach same conclusion (based on peer review checklist considerations); revised flow Table for accumulating and evaluating internal control deficiencies has been reorganized as two tables: Evaluation of Internal Control Deficiencies (15 columns) and Communication of Internal Control Deficiencies (10 columns); instructions modified accordingly. If the deficiency is noted in Column 12, 14, or 15 to be a Material Weakness, Significant Deficiency, or a Deficiency in Internal Control, respectively, the Deficiency Number, Description of Control Deficiency, and Description of the Potential Effect will flow to the first 3 columns in the new second table.	Purpose; text; tables	Y	Peer review checklist	The following columns will be retained on roll forward as long as the setting from the associated workpaper where the deficiency is flowing from is set to keep: 1. Defic. No.; 2. Wkp. Ref.; 3. Description of Control Deficiency; 4. Description of the Potential Effect; 5. Significant Acct(s) or Disclosure Affected; 6. New Deficiency or Previously Communicated Deficiency That Has Not Yet Been Remediated; 7. Relevant Assertions Affected; 8. Internal Control Component Affected; 9. If There Is a Commonality with Any Other Deficiency, List Defic. No. & Any Common Factor(s); 10. Is It at Least Reasonably Possible That the Entity's Controls Will Fail to Prevent or Detect and Correct a Misstatement?; 11. Could a Misstatement That Is Not Prevented or Detected and Corrected by Internal Control Potentially Be Material?
New	Potential Error Diagnostic in Table 1: If column 13 is marked as "No" then column 12 should be "Yes". Diagnostic will appear if column 13 is "No" and column				
	12 is "No".				
New	Potential Error Diagnostic in Table 2: This deficiency has been determined to be a material weakness or significant				

			Based on		
Type of			Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
	deficiency which is REQUIRED to be communicated to those charged with governance IN WRITING.				
	If column 12 or 14 in Table 1 is marked as "Yes" and user selects "Orally" in column 4 of new table then diagnostic above will appear.				
New	Practice Point: If the audit is conducted in accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> , the auditor is also required to plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements arising from violations of provisions of contracts or grant agreements that could have a material effect on the financial statements, and for following up on any material instances of abuse noted. The auditor is also required to communicate in writing to the audited entity's officials any instances of noncompliance or abuse "that are less than material but warrant the attention of those charged with governance" noted by the auditor.				
New	Added Section II: Summary of Noncompliance With Laws and Regulations, Violations of Contract Provisions or Grant Agreements, and Instances of Material Abuse with instructions: Section II of this form is for summarizing any identified instances of noncompliance with laws, regulations and violations of contract provisions or grant agreements that are considered material to the financial statements or that in the auditor's opinion warrant the attention of those charged with governance, and any identified material instances of abuse discovered during the audit that should be reported in the communication to management and those charged with governance. For audit engagements performed in accordance with <i>Government Auditing</i> <i>Standards</i> , these findings should be communicated in writing in the auditor's report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters and should be communicated in writing to management and those charged with governance. And Table This table will flow in "Noncompliance, violations or abuse findings from findings tables in other workpapers.				
KBA-104	Summary and Evaluation of Misstatements and Omitted,	Inaccurate or	Incomplete	Disclosures	
	•	maccurate, of	Incomplete	Disclosures	
Modify	Section II tab, broke assets into total and current added column for other and pre-tax income:				

Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
	Table columns modified, adding "Total Assets" and "Current Assets" under "Assets (Debit/Credit)" and adding "Other" and "Pretax Income" columns under "Income Statement (Debit/Credit)"				
KBA-200	Entity Information and Background				
Modify	Minor modifications for consistency with wording of related workpapers	Table	Ν		
Modify	Added "GAGAS, Uniform Guidance" to step: Need for statutory or regulatory audit requirements	Table	Y	GAGAS; Uniform Guidance	Step will retain on roll forward using default settings
Modify	Added Practice Point under item 15 as follows: Practice Point : The auditor should identify the appropriate person(s) within the entity's governance structure with whom to communicate.	Instructions	Y	Peer review checklist	
KBA-201	Client/Engagement Acceptance and Continuance Form: (Complex Entiti	es		
New	New TQ, "Will the audit be conducted in accordance with Government Auditing Standards (GAGAS)?" that will flow from AUD-100.				
Modify	Modified Section III table step "u"; now reads: Are there any indications that our firm does (might) have a problem billing or collecting its fees and will all fees, billed or unbilled, or note(s) receivable arising from such fees for any professional services provided more than one year prior to the date of the report be paid prior to the issuance of the report for the current engagement?	Table	N		Step will reset on roll forward due to content changes.
New	New practice point: Practice Point: The GAO's "bias threat" comprises both the AICPA's "advocacy threat" and "adverse interest threat."		Y		
New	New step: For engagements performed in accordance with GAGAS, has the auditor also evaluated the auditor's relationships and circumstances at the firm, audit engagement, and auditor level to identify potential structural threats whereby the audit organization's placement with the government entity will impact the auditor's ability to perform their work and report objectively?		Y	GAGAS	

Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
	This step will show if the new TQ above is answered as "Yes"				
KBA-301 Amounts	Worksheet for Determination of Materiality, Performance	e Materiality,	and Thresho	lds for Trivial	
Modify	In Step 4: Determination of the Threshold for Trivial" Amounts a rounding level and trivial amount (rounded) column has been added. In the rounding level column, you will select from None, Tens, Hundreds, Thousands, or Ten Thousands, and this will calculate in the trivial amount (rounded) column.	Table	N		
KBA-302	Understanding the Entity and Its Environment: Complex	Entities	·		
Modify	Section III Nature of the Entity, under "Business Operations," modified item n., which now reads as follows:	Table	Y	ASC 205-40	Step will reset on roll forward due to extent of content changes.
	Going-concern and liquidity issues, including consideration of management's evaluation of whether conditions or events exist that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.				
Modify	Section III, under "Financing," modified item d., which now reads as follows: Financial transactions or arrangements with financial institutions or crowdfunding sources (e.g., oral or written guarantees, endorsements, open letters of credit).	Table	N		Step will retain on roll forward using the default settings.
Modify	Section II Industry, Regulatory, and Other External Factors, modified discussion under <i>Industry and</i> <i>Economic Conditions</i> and <i>Legal and Regulatory</i> <u><i>Conditions</i></u> for industry specific items	Instructions	N		
Modify	Section IV, Group, Its Components, and Their Environments, "Consolidation Process" consolidated formerly separate table segments into one for better flow.	Table	N		
	Inquiries of Management and Others Within the Entity A liance With Laws and Regulations	bout the Risks	s of Fraud ar	nd	
Modify	Added "Date" line and field to the Name and Title panels throughout.	Table	Ν		
KBA-400	Scoping and Mapping of Significant Account Balances, C	lasses of Trans	actions, and	Disclosures	
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Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
Modify	Modified Instructions for Table 2 and moved "Describe the Deficiency" to the end; steps 7 through 12, now read as follows:	Instructions	N		These columns will retain on roll forward using the default settings.
	<i>If Column 6 Is "No", Describe Compensating Controls, If Any.</i> Describe the nature of any compensating controls identified.				
	If Column 6 Is "No", Do Compensating Controls Adequately Reduce the Risk of Material Misstatement? Determine whether the compensating controls identified mitigate the risk of material misstatement when controls are not effectively designed and implemented.				
	If Column 8 Is "No", Describe the Risks of Material Misstatement. Describe the risks of material misstatement when controls are not effectively designed and implemented.				
	<i>Controls Selected for Operating Effectiveness Testing?</i> Choose "Yes" or "No" to document whether the control identified will be further tested for operating effectiveness.				
	Are Control Activities Functioning? Document whether the control activity is functioning effectively.				
	If Column 3, 6, 8 or 11 Is "No", Describe the Deficiency. Control deficiencies noted here will flow to KBA-103 Evaluating and Communicating Internal Control Deficiencies .				
	If you select "No" in the following columns your control deficiency documented in the last column will flow to KBA-103: Are Controls Activities Present, Effectively Designed and Implemented, Do Compensating Controls, If Any, Adequately Reduce the Risks of Material Misstatement or Are Control Activities Functioning.				
Modify	Modified Instructions for Table 3 and moved "Describe the Deficiency" to the end; steps 8 through 13 now read as follows:	Instructions	N		These columns will retain on roll forward using the default settings.
	<i>If Column 7 Is "No", Describe Compensating Controls, If Any.</i> Describe the nature of any compensating controls identified.				
	If Column 7 Is "No", Do Compensating Controls Adequately Reduce the Risk of Material Misstatement? ncorporated and/or Its Affiliates. All Rights Reserved.			KCO-001	Page 6

Type of			Based on Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
	Determine whether the compensating controls identified mitigate the risk of material misstatement when controls are not effectively designed and implemented.				
	If Column 9 Is "No", Describe the Risks of Material Misstatement. Describe the risks of material misstatement when controls are not effectively designed and implemented.				
	<i>Controls Selected for Operating Effectiveness Testing?</i> Choose "Yes" or "No" to document whether the control identified will be further tested for operating effectiveness.				
	Are Control Activities Functioning? Document whether the control activity is functioning effectively.				
	If Column 4, 7, 9 or 12 Is "No", Describe the Deficiency. Control deficiencies noted here will flow to KBA-103 Evaluating and Communicating Internal Control Deficiencies.				
	If you select "No" in the following columns your control deficiency documented in the last column will flow to KBA-103: Are Controls Activities Present, Effectively Designed and Implemented, Do Compensating Controls, If Any, Adequately Reduce the Risks of Material Misstatement or Are Control Activities Functioning.				
KBA-401	Understanding Entity-Level Controls: Complex Entities	1			
Modify	Added in the Instructions section, under Components of Internal Control, Relevant Principles, and Points of Focus: An essential requirement for effective internal control	Instructions; text; tables	Y	Framework	These columns will retain on roll forward using the default settings.
	inherent in the Framework is that each of the five components of internal control and relevant principles is present and functioning.				
	Instructions modified and reorganized; Sections I through V tables modified.				
	Column 2 now reads: Are the Relevant Principles or Points of Focus Present				
	Column 6 now reads: Are the Identified Controls Effectively Designed and Implemented				

Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
	Column 7 now reads: If Column 6 Is "No", Describe Compensating Controls, If Any				
	Column 8 now reads: If Column 6 Is "Yes", Are Compensating Controls Selected for Operating Effectiveness Testing?				
	Column 9 now reads: <i>Do Compensating Controls</i> <i>Adequately Reduce the Risks of Material Misstatement?</i>				
	Column 11 now reads: Are the Relevant Principles Functioning for this Component of Internal Control?				
	Column 12 now reads: If Column 2, 6, 9, or 11 Is "No", Describe the Deficiency				
	If you select "No" in the following columns your control deficiency documented in the last column will flow to the conclusion section: Are the Relevant Principles or Points of Focus Present, Are the Identified Controls Effectively Designed and Implemented, Do Compensating Controls Adequately Reduce the Risks of Material Misstatement, or Are the Relevant Principles Functioning for this Component of Internal Control.				
Modify	Adding an "N/A" option to the "Are the Relevant Principles of Points of Focus Present?" column to the "Points of Focus" rows ONLY. The user could document the points of focus as not applicable and the user will not respond to any other columns for that particular row as the diagnostics will clear. The user should focus on the functioning of the relevant principles as not all of the points of focus are required or applicable.				All will retain on roll forward using the default settings. If you change column 2, point of focus row, to "N/A" then the rest of that row will clear.
KBA-401N	N Understanding Entity-Level Controls: Noncomplex Enti	ties			
Modify	Added in the Instructions section, under Components of Internal Control, Relevant Principles, and Points of Focus:	Instructions	Y	Framework	
	An essential requirement for effective internal control inherent in the Framework is that each of the five components of internal control and relevant principles is present and functioning.				
	Instructions modified.				
KBA-402	Understanding General Controls for Information Techno	logy	1		

Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
Modify	Section III Instructions modified and updated; Sections I through III tables modified and updated.	Instructions; tables			
Modify	Removing user options in the "System Change Controls" column of the "Less Complex IT Structure" table as this should be user entry.	Table	N		This column will retain on roll forward since the user could have added a custom documentation here. Please review your answer here in case you had selected one of the floatie options that are no longer available.
Modify	Instructions modified and reorganized in the "More Complex IT Structure" Table;	Instructions; text; tables	Y	Framework	These columns will retain on roll forward using the default settings.
	Column 7 now reads: If Column 6 Is "No", Describe Compensating Controls, If Any				
	Column 8 now reads: Do Compensating Controls Adequately Reduce the Risks of Material Misstatement Created by the Deficiency				
	Column 9 now reads: If Column 8 Is "No", Describe the Risks of Material Misstatement				
	Column 10 now reads: <i>Controls Selected for Operating</i> <i>Effectiveness Testing?</i>				
	Column 11 now reads: Are Controls Functioning				
	Column 12 now reads: If Column 2, 6, 8, or 11 Is "No", Describe the Deficiency				
	If you select "No" in the following columns your control deficiency documented in the last column will flow to the conclusion section: Are Controls Activities Present, Effectively Designed and Implemented, Do Compensating Controls, If Any, Adequately Reduce the Risks of Material Misstatement or Are Control Activities Functioning.				
New	New steps under "Computer Operations and Logical Access to Programs and Data"				
	Management has defined and documented financial reporting system requirements.				
	Management has a process for the request and review of Service Organization Control reports for critical third party service providers.				
	Management has developed and maintains an IT security training and awareness program for all associates to				

Type of Change	Description of Change reduce the risk of social engineering and malware infection.	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
	Understanding Activity-Level Controls: Patient Service R eipts through KBA-411 Understanding Activity-Level Cor				
Modify	Ability to insert custom rows anywhere in the subprocess table	Table	N		
Modify	Modified Instructions for Step 1 Table and moved "Describe the Deficiency" to the end; steps 8 through 13 now read as follows:	Instructions	N		These columns will retain on roll forward using the default settings as this table flows from KBA-400.
	<i>If Column 7 Is "No", Describe Compensating Controls,</i> <i>If Any</i> . Describe the nature of any compensating controls identified.				
	If Column 7 Is "No", Do Compensating Controls Adequately Reduce the Risk of Material Misstatement? Determine whether the compensating controls identified mitigate the risk of material misstatement when controls are not effectively designed and implemented.				
	If Column 9 Is "No", Describe the Risks of Material Misstatement. Describe the risks of material misstatement when controls are not effectively designed and implemented.				
	Controls Selected for Operating Effectiveness Testing? Choose "Yes" or "No" to document whether the control identified will be further tested for operating effectiveness.				
	Are Control Activities Functioning? Document whether the control activity is functioning effectively.				
Modify	If Column 4, 7, 9 or 12 Is "No", Describe the Deficiency.Step 6 Instructions modified and columns modified and	Instructions;	N		These columns will retain on roll forward using the default
Withdiny	reorganized.	table	IN		settings.
	Column 9 now reads: Compensating Controls, If Any				
	Column 10 now reads: <i>Do Compensating Controls</i> <i>Adequately Reduce the Risks of Material Misstatement</i> <i>Created by the Deficiency?</i>				
	Column 11 now reads: If Column 10 Is "No", Describe the Risks of Material Misstatement				

Type of			Based on Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
	Column 12 now reads: If Column 10 is "Yes", Are the Controls Selected for Operating Effectiveness Testing?				
	Column 13 now reads: Are Controls Functioning?				
	Column 14 now reads: If Controls Are Not Implemented, Not Designed Effectively, Only Partially Effective or Not Functioning, Describe the Control Deficiency				
	Column 15 now reads: Workpaper Reference, if applicable				
	If you select "No" in the following columns your control deficiency documented will flow to the conclusion section: Are Controls Designed Effectively, Are Key Controls Implemented, Do Compensating Controls Adequately Reduce the Risks of Material Misstatement Created by the Deficiency or Are Control Activities Functioning. Also, if you select "Partially" in column, Are Controls Designed Effectively, the control deficiency documented will flow to the conclusion section.				
Modify	Added activity-level control objective:	Table	Y		
	Appropriate segregation of duties exists				
KBA-410	Understanding Activity-Level Controls: Income Taxes				
Modify	Minor wording modifications. Steps modified now read as follows: The income tax accrual is accurate and allocated properly and the related deferred provision/liability accounts are properly measured.	Table	Y	ASU-2015-17	These steps will retain on roll forward using default settings.
	Income tax expense and asset/liability accounts are properly classified.				
	The income tax accrual is accurate and allocated properly and the related deferred provision/liability accounts are properly measured.				
KBA-411	Understanding Activity-Level Controls: Financial Report	ing and Closin	g Process		
Modify	Added additional examples of activity-level control objectives under "Prepare Financial Statements and Disclosures" (for management's assessment of going concern):	Table	N		
	Management has assessed the entity's ability to continue as a going concern in accordance with the applicable				

Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
financial reporting framework and, if applicable, provided the required disclosures. Management has established procedures to ensure that subsequent events are identified and disclosed in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.				
Feam Discussion and Consideration of the Risks of Mater	ial Misstateme	ent		
Under "Identification of Risks of Material Misstatement," modified step 5, which now reads as follows: If auditor's specialists were assigned to the engagement, we considered involving such specialists in the engagement team discussion (i.e., brainstorming session)	Procedures steps	N		Step will retain on roll forward using the default settings.
Summary of Risk Assessments				
The "Control Risk" column will now preset to "Max" if the user selects the TQs, "Has the auditor been engaged to perform an integrated audit?" and "Does the auditor intend to test the operating effectiveness of internal controls over financial reporting?" as "No" in AUD-100 This will also default on each added Specific Risk if both TOs have been answered as "No"	Table			
If you have answered these TQs as other than "No" in a prior binder then roll forward, and change the answers to "No" these will not preset and the user will need to change them to "Max".				
Instructions Section II, Assertion-Level Risks, modified and clarified with additional examples and references (updated discussion of SBM).	Instructions	N		
Added example (reminder) for user to document the planned overall response to management override in Section I: Financial-Statement-Level Risks Planned response must incorporate an element of unpredictability in designing further audit procedures	Table	Y		This will only show in a new binder or if you roll forward using the default roll forward settings. If you keep all responses for KBA-502 on roll forward then this language will not show only what the user had here in the prior binder.
	financial reporting framework and, if applicable, provided the required disclosures. Management has established procedures to ensure that subsequent events are identified and disclosed in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework. Feam Discussion and Consideration of the Risks of Mater Under "Identification of Risks of Material Misstatement," modified step 5, which now reads as follows: If auditor's specialists were assigned to the engagement, we considered involving such specialists in the engagement team discussion (i.e., brainstorming session) Summary of Risk Assessments The "Control Risk" column will now preset to "Max" if the user selects the TQs, "Has the auditor been engaged to perform an integrated audit?" and "Does the auditor intend to test the operating effectiveness of internal controls over financial reporting?" as "No" in AUD-100 This will also default on each added Specific Risk if both TQs have been answered as "No". If you have answered these TQs as other than "No" in a prior binder then roll forward, and change the answers to "No" these will not preset and the user will need to change them to "Max". Instructions Section II, Assertion-Level Risks, modified and clarified with additional examples and references (updated discussion of SBM). Added example (reminder) for user to document the planned overall response to management override in Section I: Financial-Statement-Level Risks	financial reporting framework and, if applicable, provided the required disclosures.Management has established procedures to ensure that subsequent events are identified and disclosed in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.Procedures Ceam Discussion and Consideration of the Risks of Material Misstatement , modified step 5, which now reads as follows:Procedures stepsIf auditor's specialists were assigned to the engagement, we considered involving such specialists in the engagement team discussion (i.e., brainstorming session)TableSummary of Risk AssessmentsTableThe "Control Risk" column will now preset to "Max" if the user selects the TQs, "Has the auditor been engaged to perform an integrated audit?" and "Does the auditor intend to test the operating effectiveness of internal controls over financial reporting?" as "No" in AUD-100TableThis will also default on each added Specific Risk if both TQs have been answered as "No".InstructionsInstructionsIf you have answered these TQs as other than "No" in a prior binder then roll forward, and change the answers to "No" these will not preset and the user will need to change them to "Max".InstructionsInstructions Section II, Assertion-Level Risks, modified and clarified with additional examples and references (updated discussion of SBM).InstructionsAdded example (reminder) for user to document the planned overall response to management override in Section I: Financial-Statement-Level RisksTable	Description of ChangeLocationStandard Y/Nfinancial reporting framework and, if applicable, provided the required disclosures.Image: Standard Y/NImage: Standard Y/NManagement has established procedures to ensure that subsequent events are identified and disclosed in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.Image: Standard Y/NCeam Discussion and Consideration of the Risks of Material Misstatement, modified step 5, which now reads as follows: If auditor's specialists were assigned to the engagement, we considered involving such specialists in the engagement team discussion (i.e., brainstorming session)Procedures stepsNSummary of Risk AssessmentsTableTableImage: Standard Y/NThe "Control Risk" column will now preset to "Max" if the user selects the TQs, "Has the auditor been engaged to perform an integrated audit?" and "Does the auditor intend to test the operating effectiveness of internal controls over financial reporting?" as "No" in AUD-100TableImage: Standard Y/NIf you have answered these TQs as other than "No" in a prior binder then roll forward, and change the answers to "No" these will not preset and the user will need to change them to "Max".InstructionsInstructions Section II, Assertion-Level Risks, modified and clarified with additional examples and references (updated discussion of SBM).TableYAdded example (reminder) for user to document the planned overall response to management override in Section I: Financial-Statement-Level RisksTableY	Description of ChangeLocationStandard Y/NStandard Referencefinancial reporting framework and, if applicable, provided the required disclosures.Image: Control of Control Control of Control of Control Co

Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
Modify	Instructions modified and clarified with additional examples and references (updated discussion of risk assessment).	Instructions	Ν		
KBA-902	Audit Review and Approval Checklist	·			
New	New TQ, "Will the audit be conducted in accordance with Government Auditing Standards (GAGAS)?" which flows from AUD-100.				
Modify	Section I, Detailed Auditor Review, step 13, modified: The audit was conducted in accordance with the applicable auditing standards, professional standards, applicable laws and regulations, and firm policies and procedures, including <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> and the Uniform Guidance, where applicable.				Step will retain on roll forward using the default settings.
New	Section I, Detailed Auditor Review, step 18, new: If applicable, we have reviewed the auditor's reports required by Government Auditing Standards and the Uniform Guidance, and ascertained that they are in accordance with the standards and appropriate for this engagement. This step will show if the new TQ above is answered as "Yes".				
Modify	Section II, Engagement Partner Review, step 5 modified: A detailed review has been performed of all audit procedures and audit areas to ensure that sufficient appropriate audit evidence has been obtained to support the auditor's report issued.				Step will retain on roll forward using the default settings.
New	Section II, Engagement Partner Review, step 6, new: If applicable, I have reviewed the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and am satisfied that it meets accepted standards of presentation and disclosure. Step 23, new: If applicable, I have reviewed the auditor's reports required by Government Auditing Standards and the Uniform Guidance, and am satisfied that they are in accordance with the standards.				

Type of Change	Description of Change These steps will show if the new TQ above is answered	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
	as "Yes".				
KBA-904	Audit Documentation Checklist				
New	New TQ, "Will the audit be conducted in accordance with Government Auditing Standards (GAGAS)?" which flows from AUD-100.				
Modify	Updated references.	Procedures steps	Y	QC Section 10	
Modify	Added step 14 and substeps a through c, as follows:	Procedures	Y	AU-C 520	
	When substantive analytical procedures were performed, we documented the following (AU-C 520):	steps			
	The expectation of recorded amounts or ratios and the factors we considered when developing those expectations;				
	Results of the comparison of the recorded amounts or ratios with our expectations; and				
	Any additional auditing procedures performed regarding unexpected fluctuations or relationships identified that are inconsistent with other relevant information or that differ from expected values by a significant amount, and the results of those additional procedures.				
Modify	Added Practice Point to step 15: The audit documentation includes the written communication made to management and those charged with governance about significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control, including those that were remediated during the audit (AU-C 265).	Procedures steps	Y	AU-C 265; AU-C 265.11; AU-C 265.04	
	Practice Point: This communication is best made within the time limit in which the complete assembly of the final audit file is ordinarily done, but not more than 60 days after the date of the auditor's report				
Modify	Added substep 17.j, as follows:	Procedures	Y	AU-C 230	
	Abstracts or copies of significant contracts and agreements inspected (AU-C 230); and	steps			
New	Added step 19 and substeps:				

Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
	For audits conducted in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards, the audit documentation included the following items:				
	This step and substeps will show if the new TQ above is answered "Yes".				
Modify	Added Practice Point to step 29, as follows: Practice Point: After the documentation completion date, the auditor should not delete or discard any audit documentation prior to the end of the specified retention period. In addition, the	Procedures steps	Ν		
	auditor should maintain confidentiality, safe custody, integrity, accessibility and retrievability of the files, as well as ensure the proper retention of the engagement files for a period sufficient to meet the needs of the audit firm or as required by law or regulation, but would ordinarily be no less than 5 years from the report release date.				

KBA-901 Financial Statement Disclosures Checklist

Type of Change	Description of Change	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
Table of C	Contents	
Deleted	Removed Development Stage Entities (ASC 915) from TOC and section removed disclosures checklist	
Presentati	on of Financial Statements	
Deleted	<i>Note:</i> The presentation and disclosure requirements in items 1 through 8 below have been superseded by the amendments in ASU No. 2014-08, <i>Presentation of Financial Statements (Topic</i> 205) and Property, Plant, and Equipment (Topic 360) – Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity. ASU No. 2014-08 is effective on a prospective basis for public business entities and not-for-profit entities that have issued, or are conduit bond obligors for, securities that are traded, listed, or quoted on an exchange or an over-the- counter market, for all disposals (or classifications as held for sale) of components of an entity and all businesses or nonprofit activities that, on acquisition, are classified as held for sale that occur within annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014, and interim periods within those years. For all other entities, the requirements are effective on a prospective basis for all disposals (or classifications as held for sale) of components of an entity and all businesses or nonprofit activities that, on acquisition, are classified as held for sale that occur within annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014, and interim periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014, and interim periods within annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014, and interim periods within annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014, and interim periods within annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2015. Thereafter, the presentation and disclosure requirements in items 9 through 23 below should be followed. Early adoption is permitted only for disposals (or classifications as held for sale) that have not been reported in financial statements previously issued or available for issuance.	

Type of Change	Description of Change	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
	Also, an entity may not apply the amendments in ASU No. 2014-08 to a component of an entity, or a business or nonprofit activity, that is classified as held for sale before the effective date even if the component of an entity, or business or nonprofit activity, is disposed of after the effective date. (ASC 205-20-65-1)	
Deleted	Have the results of operations of a component of an entity that either has been disposed of or is classified as held for sale been reported in discontinued operations if (a) the operations and cash flows of the component have been, or will be, eliminated from the ongoing operations of the entity, and (b) the entity will not have any significant continuing involvement in the operations of the component after the disposal transaction? (ASC 205-20-45-1)	
Deleted	Have the following presentation and disclosure matters been addressed for each period in which a component of an entity has been disposed of or is classified as held for sale:	
Deleted	Results of operations of the component, including any gain or loss on disposal and less applicable income taxes (benefit), reported as a separate component of income? (ASC 205-20-45-3)	
Deleted	Adjustments made to amounts previously reported in discontinued operations (that are directly related to the disposal of a component of an entity in a prior period) classified separately in the current period in discontinued operations, and disclosure of the nature and amount of such adjustments? (ASC 205-20-45-4; 205-20-50-5)	
Deleted	A description of the facts and circumstances leading to the expected disposal, the expected manner and timing of that disposal, and if not separately presented on the face of the balance sheet, the carrying amounts of the major classes of assets and liabilities included as part of the disposal group? (ASC 205-20-50-1)	
Deleted	Gain or loss recognized on the disposal disclosed either (a) on the face of the income statement or (b) in the notes to financial statements (including the caption in the income statement that includes that gain or loss)? (ASC 205-20-45-3; 205-20-50-1)	
Deleted	The amounts of revenue and pretax profit or loss reported in discontinued operations? (ASC 205-20- 50-1)	
Deleted	If applicable, the segment in which the long-lived asset (disposal group) is reported? (ASC 205-20- 50-1)	
Deleted	The assets and liabilities held for sale presented separately in the asset and liability sections of the balance sheet, with the major classes of such assets and liabilities separately disclosed either on the face of the balance sheet or in the notes? (ASC 205-20-45-10; 205-20-50-2) (<i>Note:</i> The assets and liabilities held for sale should <i>not</i> be offset and presented as a single amount in the balance sheet.)	
Deleted	Has interest on debt that is to be assumed by the buyer and interest on debt that is required to be repaid as a result of a disposal transaction been allocated to discontinued operations? (ASC 205-20-45-6 through 45-8)	
Deleted	Has general corporate overhead <i>not</i> been allocated to discontinued operations? (ASC 205-20-45-9)	

Type of Change	Description of Change	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
Deleted	If an entity decides not to sell a long-lived asset (disposal group) previously classified as held for sale, or removes an individual asset or liability from a disposal group previously classified as held for sale, have the following disclosures been made in the financial statements that include the period of that decision (ASC 205-20-50-3):	
Deleted	A description of the facts and circumstances leading to the decision to change the plan to sell the long-lived asset (disposal group)?	
Deleted	The effect on the results of operations for all periods presented?	
Deleted	For each discontinued operation that generates continuing cash flows, have the following disclosures been made (ASC 205-20-50-4):	
Deleted	The nature of the activities that give rise to continuing cash flows?	
Deleted	The period of time continuing cash flows are expected to be generated?	
Deleted	The principal factors used to conclude that the expected continuing cash flows are not direct cash flows of the disposed component?	
Deleted	If there is a continuation of activities between the ongoing entity and the disposed component after the disposal transaction (ASC 205-20-50-6):	
Deleted	If the ongoing entity's activities include continuation of revenues and expenses that were previously eliminated intercompany transactions (for purposes of the consolidated financial statements) before the disposal transaction, have disclosures been made of the intercompany amounts before the disposal transaction for all periods presented?	
Deleted	In the period in which operations are initially classified as discontinued, have disclosures been made of the types of continuing involvement with the component, if any, that the entity will have after the disposal transaction?	
Deleted	If the criteria for classification as held for sale for a long-lived asset (disposal group) are met after the balance-sheet date, but before the financial statements are issued or are available to be issued, does the long-lived asset (disposal group) continue to be classified as held and used in those financial statements, and has the following information been disclosed (ASC 360-10-45-13; 205-20- 50-1(a)):	
Deleted	A description of the facts and circumstances leading to the expected disposal?	
Deleted	The expected manner and timing of the disposal?	
Deleted	The carrying amount(s) of the major classes of assets and liabilities included as part of a disposal group, if not separately presented on the face of the balance sheet?	
Deleted	<i>Note:</i> The presentation and disclosure requirements in items 1 through 8 above have been superseded by the amendments in ASU No. 2014-08, <i>Presentation of Financial Statements (Topic</i> 205) and Property, Plant, and Equipment (Topic 360) – Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity. ASU No. 2014-08 is effective on a	

Type of		
Change	Description of Change	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
	prospective basis for public business entities and not-for-profit entities that have issued, or are conduit bond obligors for, securities that are traded, listed, or quoted on an exchange or an over-the- counter market, for all disposals (or classifications as held for sale) of components of an entity and all businesses or nonprofit activities that, on acquisition, are classified as held for sale that occur within annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014, and interim periods within those years. For all other entities, the requirements are effective on a prospective basis for all disposals (or classifications as held for sale) of components of an entity and all businesses or nonprofit activities that, on acquisition, are classified as held for sale beginning on or after December 15, 2014, and interim periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014, and all businesses or nonprofit activities that, on acquisition, are classified as held for sale that occur within annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014, and interim periods within annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014, and interim periods within annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2015. Thereafter, the presentation and disclosure requirements in items 9 through 23 below should be followed. Early adoption is permitted only for disposals (or classifications as held for sale) that have not been reported in financial statements previously issued or available for issuance. Also, an entity may not apply the amendments in ASU No. 2014-08 to a component of an entity, or a business or nonprofit activity, that is classified as held for sale before the effective date even if the component of an entity, or business or nonprofit activity, is disposed of after the effective date. (ASC 205-20-65-1)	
Compreh	ensive Income (ASC 220)	
New	<i>Note:</i> The presentation and disclosure requirements in item 8 below have been superseded by the amendments in ASU No. 2017-07, <i>Compensation — Retirement Benefits (Topic 715): Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost</i> , which is effective for public business entities, for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those annual periods. For all other entities, the requirements are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Thereafter, the presentation and disclosure requirements in item 9 below should be followed. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of an annual period for which financial statements (interim or annual) have not been issued or have not been made available for issuance. (ASC 715-20-65-3)	
New	The aggregate tax effect of all significant reclassifications on the line item for income tax benefit or expense? <i>Note:</i> For items 8a. and 8b. above, if an entity is unable to identify the line item of net income affected by any significant amount reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income in a reporting period, including when all reclassifications for the period are not to net income in their	
	entirety, the entity must disclose the information for that amount as required in item 10 below.	
New	<i>Note:</i> The presentation and disclosure requirements in item 8 above have been superseded by the amendments in ASU No. 2017-07, <i>Compensation — Retirement Benefits (Topic 715): Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost</i> , which is effective for public business entities, for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those annual periods. For all other entities, the requirements are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Thereafter, the presentation and disclosure	

Type of Change	Description of Change	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
	requirements in item 9 below should be followed. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of an annual period for which financial statements (interim or annual) have not been issued or have not been made available for issuance. (ASC 715-20-65-3)	
New	For the information required in item 7 above that is presented on the face of the statement where net income is presented, have the following disclosures been made parenthetically (ASC 220-10-45-17A):	
New	The effect of significant reclassification amounts on the respective line items of net income, by component of other comprehensive income?	
Modify	The aggregate tax effect of all significant reclassifications on the line item for income tax benefit or expense?	Reset due to content changes
	<i>Note:</i> For items 9a. and 9b. above, if an entity chooses to use a separate line item or items in the income statement to present significant pension cost components or other postretirement benefit cost components reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income, it is no longer required to present those pension cost components or other postretirement benefit cost components parenthetically.	
	<i>Note:</i> For items 9a. and 9b. above, if an entity is unable to identify the line item of net income affected by any significant amount reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income in a reporting period, including when all reclassifications for the period are not to net income in their entirety, the entity must disclose the information for that amount as required in item 10 below.	
Statement	t of Cash Flows (ASC 230)	
New	Does the statement of cash flows report net cash provided or used by operating, investing, and financing activities and the net effect of those cash flows on cash and cash equivalents during the period in a manner that reconciles beginning and ending cash and cash equivalents? (ASC 230-10-45-1; 230-10-45-10; 230-10-45-24; 205-20-50-5B(c)) (Note: Separate disclosure of cash flows pertaining to discontinued operations reflected in those categories is not required.)	
New	<i>Note:</i> The presentation and disclosure requirements in items 1 and 2 above have been superseded by the amendments in ASU No. 2016-18, <i>Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Restricted Cash</i> , which is effective on a retrospective basis for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the requirements are effective on a retrospective basis for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Thereafter, the presentation and disclosure requirements in items 3 through 6 below should be followed. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. If an entity early adopts ASU No. 2016-18 in an interim period, any adjustments should be reflected as of the beginning of the fiscal year that includes the interim period. (ASC 230-10-65-3)	
New	When cash, cash equivalents, and amounts generally described as restricted cash or restricted cash equivalents are presented in more than one line item within the balance sheet, have the following items been presented either on the face of the statement of cash flows or disclosed in the notes to the	

Type of Change	Description of Change	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
	financial statements, for each period for which a balance sheet is presented: (ASC 230-10-45-4; 230-10-50-8)	
New	The line items and amounts of cash, cash equivalents, and amounts generally described as restricted cash or restricted cash equivalents reported within the balance sheet?	
New	The amounts, disaggregated by the line item in which they appear within the balance sheet, summed to the total amount of cash, cash equivalents, and amounts generally described as restricted cash or restricted cash equivalents at the end of the corresponding period shown in the statement of cash flows?	
New	<i>Note:</i> This disclosure may be provided in either a narrative or a tabular format. Has information been disclosed about the nature of restrictions on cash, cash equivalents, and	
New	amounts generally described as restricted cash or restricted cash equivalents? (ASC 230-10-50-7)	
Modify	Does the statement of cash flows report net cash provided or used by operating, investing, and financing activities and the net effect of those cash flows on the total of cash, cash equivalents, and amounts generally described as restricted cash or restricted cash equivalents during the period in a manner that reconciles beginning and ending totals of cash, cash equivalents and amounts generally described as restricted cash equivalents? (ASC 230-10-45-1; 230-10-45-10; 230-10-45-24; 205-20-50-5B(c))	Reset due to content changes
	<i>Note:</i> Separate disclosure of cash flows pertaining to discontinued operations reflected in those categories is not required.	
	<i>Note:</i> The statement of cash flows should use descriptive terms such as cash or cash and cash equivalents, rather than ambiguous terms such as funds.	
New	Have the disclosures required in ASC paragraphs 250-10-50-1(a) and (b)(1) and 250-10-50-2 (as applicable) been made in the first interim and annual period of adoption of ASU No. 2016-18? (See ASC Topic 250, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections)	
New	<i>Note:</i> The presentation and disclosure requirements in item 6b below have been superseded by the amendments in ASU No. 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments, which is effective on a retrospective basis for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities (including nonpublic entities), the requirements are effective on a retrospective basis for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Thereafter, the presentation and disclosure requirements in items 6c and 7 below should be followed. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. (ASC 230-10-65-2)	
	<i>Note:</i> If it is impracticable to apply ASU No. 2016-15 retrospectively to any prior period presented, the amendments should be applied as if the change was made prospectively as of the earliest date practicable.	

Type of Change	Description of Change	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
	<i>Note:</i> If an entity early adopts ASU No. 2016-15 in an interim period, any adjustments should be reflected as of the beginning of the fiscal year that includes the interim period. In addition, an entity that elects early adoption must adopt all of the amendments in ASU No. 2016-15 in the same period.	
New	<i>Note:</i> The presentation and disclosure requirements in item 6b above have been superseded by the amendments in ASU No. 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments, which is effective on a retrospective basis for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities (including nonpublic entities), the requirements are effective on a retrospective basis for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Thereafter, the presentation and disclosure requirements in items 6c and 7 below should be followed. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. (ASC 230-10-65-2)	
New	Are amounts of interest paid (net of amounts capitalized), including the portion of the payments made to settle zero coupon debt instruments that is attributable to accreted interest related to the debt discount or the portion of the payments made to settle other debt instruments with coupon interest rates that are insignificant in relation to the effective interest rate of the borrowing that is attributable to accreted interest related to the debt discount, and income taxes paid during the period disclosed? (ASC 230-10-50-2)	
New	Have the following transitional disclosures related to the adoption of ASU No. 2016-15 been made in the first interim and annual period of adoption (ASC 230-10-65-2):	
New	The nature of and reason for the change in accounting principle, including an explanation of why the newly adopted accounting principle is preferable? (ASC 250-10-50-1(a))	
New	The method of applying the change, including a description of the prior-period information that has been retrospectively adjusted, if any? (ASC 250-10-50-1(b)(1))	
New	If retrospective application to any prior period is impracticable, disclosure of the reasons therefore, and a description of the alternative method used to report the change? (ASC 250-10-50-1(b)(4))	
New	<i>Note:</i> The presentation and disclosure requirements in item 15 below have been superseded by the amendments in ASU No. 2016-18, <i>Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Restricted Cash</i> , which is effective on a retrospective basis for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the requirements are effective on a retrospective basis for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Thereafter, the presentation and disclosure requirements in item 16 below should be followed. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. If an entity early adopts ASU No. 2016-18 in an interim period, any adjustments should be reflected as of the beginning of the fiscal year that includes the interim period. (ASC 230-10-65-3)	

Type of Change	Description of Change	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
New	Has the effect of exchange rate changes on cash balances held in foreign currencies been reported as a separate part of the reconciliation of the change in cash and cash equivalents? (ASC 830-230-45-1)	
New	<i>Note:</i> The presentation and disclosure requirements in item 15 above have been superseded by the amendments in ASU No. 2016-18, <i>Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Restricted Cash</i> , which is effective on a retrospective basis for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the requirements are effective on a retrospective basis for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Thereafter, the presentation and disclosure requirements in item 16 below should be followed. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. If an entity early adopts ASU No. 2016-18 in an interim period, any adjustments should be reflected as of the beginning of the fiscal year that includes the interim period. (ASC 230-10-65-3)	
Modify	Has the effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents, and amounts generally described as restricted cash or restricted cash equivalents held in foreign currencies been reported as a separate part of the reconciliation of the change in the total of cash, cash equivalents, and amounts generally described as restricted cash or restricted cash and cash equivalents? (ASC 830-230-45-1)	Reset due to content changes
New	Note: The presentation and disclosure requirements in item 17 below are prescribed by ASU No. 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments, which is effective on a retrospective basis for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities (including nonpublic entities), the requirements are effective on a retrospective basis for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. (ASC 230-10-65-2)	
New	When an entity applies the equity method of accounting (ASC 230-10-45-21D): Has the entity made an accounting policy election to classify distributions received from equity method investees using either the cumulative earnings approach or nature of the distribution approach?	
New	If an election is made to apply the nature of the distribution approach and the information to apply that approach to distributions received from an individual equity method investee is not available to the investor, has the entity reported a change in accounting principle on a retrospective basis by applying the cumulative earnings approach for that investee? <i>Note:</i> In the situation in item (b) above, an entity should disclose that a change in accounting principle has occurred with respect to the affected investee(s) due to the lack of available information and should provide the disclosures required in ASC paragraphs 250-10-50-1(b) and 250-10-50-2, as applicable.	

Type of Change	Description of Change	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
	<i>Note:</i> With either the cumulative earnings approach or nature of the distribution approach to classify distributions received from equity method investees in the statement of cash flows, an entity also should comply with the applicable accounting policy disclosure requirements in ASC paragraphs 235-10-50-1 through 50-6. (See ASC Topic 235, Notes to Financial Statements.)	
Risks and	Uncertainties (ASC 275)	
New	<i>Note:</i> The presentation and disclosure requirements in item 1 below have been superseded by the amendments in ASU No. 2014-10, <i>Development Stage Entities (Topic 915) – Elimination of Certain Financial Reporting Requirements, Including an Amendment to Variable Interest Entities Guidance in Topic 810, Consolidation.</i> The amendments in ASU No. 2014-10 related to the elimination of inception-to-date information and the other remaining disclosure requirements of ASC Topic 915 and the clarification to ASC Topic 275, <i>Risks and Uncertainties,</i> are effective for public business entities for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2014, and interim periods therein. For all other entities, the requirements are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2014 and for interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Thereafter, the presentation and disclosure requirements in item 2 below should be followed. The amendments in ASU No. 2014-10 should be applied retrospectively except for the amendments to ASC Topic 275, which should be applied prospectively. Early adoption is permitted for public business tatements have not yet been issued. For all other entities, early adoption is permitted for financial statements that have not yet been made available for issue. (ASC 915-10-65-1)	
New	Have disclosures been made about the nature of the entity's operations, including the following (ASC 275-10-50-2):	
New	A description of the entity's major products or services?	
New	The principal markets (e.g., industries and types of customers) and the location of those markets for the entity's products or services?	
New	If the entity operates in more than one business, the relative importance of the entity's operations in each business and the basis for that determination (e.g., based on assets, revenues, or earnings)? (<i>Note:</i> Relative importance need not be quantified and could be conveyed by use of terms, such as <i>predominately, about equally</i> , or <i>major</i> .)	
New	<i>Note:</i> The presentation and disclosure requirements in item 1 above have been superseded by the amendments in ASU No. 2014-10, <i>Development Stage Entities (Topic 915) – Elimination of Certain Financial Reporting Requirements, Including an Amendment to Variable Interest Entities Guidance in Topic 810, Consolidation.</i> The amendments in ASU No. 2014-10 related to the elimination of inception-to-date information and the other remaining disclosure requirements of ASC Topic 915 and the clarification to ASC Topic 275, <i>Risks and Uncertainties,</i> are effective for public business entities for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2014, and interim periods therein. For all other entities, the requirements are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2014 and for interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Thereafter, the presentation and disclosure requirements in item 2 below should be followed. The amendments in ASU No. 2014-10 should be applied retrospectively except for the amendments to ASC Topic 275, which should be applied prospectively. Early adoption is permitted for public	

Type of		
Change	Description of Change	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
	business entities for any annual reporting period or interim period for which the entity's financial statements have not yet been issued. For all other entities, early adoption is permitted for financial statements that have not yet been made available for issue. (ASC 915-10-65-1)	
Investmer	statements that have not yet been made available for issue. (Noe 915 10 05 1)	
	Affordable Housing Project Investments	
-	<i>Note:</i> The presentation and disclosure requirements in item 1 below have been superseded by the	
Deleted	amendments in ASU No. 2014-01, <i>Investments</i> — <i>Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323)</i> – <i>Accounting for Investments in Qualified Affordable Housing Projects</i> , which is effective on a retrospective basis for public business entities for annual periods and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2014. For all other entities, the requirements are effective on a	
	retrospective basis for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Thereafter, the presentation and	
	disclosure requirements in items 2 through 4 below should be followed. Early adoption is permitted. (ASC 323-740-65-1)	
Deleted	When a limited partnership investment in a qualified affordable housing project is accounted for using the effective yield method (ASC 323-740-45-1 and 45-2):	
Deleted	Has the tax credit allocated, net of the amortization of the investment in the limited partnership, been recognized in the income statement as a component of income taxes attributable to continuing operations?	
Deleted	Have any other tax benefits received been accounted for in the income statement pursuant to the general requirements of ASC Topic 740, <i>Income Taxes</i> ?	
Deleted	<i>Note:</i> The presentation and disclosure requirements in items 2 through 4 below are prescribed by ASU No. 2014-01, <i>Investments — Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323) – Accounting for Investments in Qualified Affordable Housing Projects</i> , which is effective on a retrospective basis for public business entities for annual periods and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2014. For all other entities, the requirements are effective on a retrospective basis for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted. (ASC 323-740-65-1)	
Deleted	Note: A reporting entity that uses the effective yield method to account for its investments in qualified affordable housing projects before the date of adoption of ASU No. 2014-01 may continue to apply the effective yield method for those preexisting investments. (ASC 323-740-65-1)	
Intangible	es – Goodwill and Other (ASC 350)	
Goodwill		
New	<i>Note:</i> The disclosure and presentation requirements in items 5 and 6 below are prescribed by ASU No. 2017-04, <i>Intangibles — Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment</i> , which is effective on a prospective basis, for annual and interim goodwill impairment tests performed for periods beginning after (ASC 350-20-65-3):	
	 December 15, 2019, for public business entities that are U. S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) filers. 	

Type of Change	Description of Change	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
	2. December 15, 2020, for public business entities that are not SEC filers.	
	3. December 15, 2021, for all other entities, including not-for-profit entities.	
	Early adoption is permitted for interim and annual goodwill impairment tests with a measurement date (i.e., performed on testing dates) on or after January 1, 2017.	
New	Have the following transitional disclosures related to the adoption of ASU No. 2017-04 been made in the first interim and annual period of adoption (ASC 350-20-65-3):	
New	The nature of and reason for the change in accounting principle?	
New	An explanation of why the newly adopted accounting principle is preferable?	
	<i>Note:</i> Private companies that have adopted the private company accounting alternative for the subsequent measurement of goodwill but have not adopted the private company alternative for subsuming certain intangible assets into goodwill are allowed, but not required, to adopt this guidance prospectively on or before the effective date without having to justify preferability of the accounting change.	
	Private companies that have adopted the private company alternative to subsume certain intangible assets into goodwill and, thus, also adopted the goodwill alternative are not permitted to adopt ASU No. 2017-04 upon issuance without following the guidance in ASC Topic 250, <i>Accounting Changes and Error Corrections</i> , including justifying why it is preferable to change their accounting policies. (See ASC Topic 250, <i>Accounting Changes and Error Corrections</i>)	
New	For entities that have reporting units with zero or negative carrying amounts of net assets, has the entity disclosed the following (ASC 350-20-50-1A):	
New	Those reporting units with allocated goodwill and the amount of goodwill allocated to each?	
New	The reportable segment in which the reporting unit is included?	
New	<i>Note:</i> The disclosure and presentation requirements in item 7c below have been superseded by the amendments in ASU No. 2017-04, <i>Intangibles — Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment</i> , which is effective on a prospective basis, for annual and interim goodwill impairment tests performed for periods beginning after (ASC 350-20-65-3):	
	1. December 15, 2019, for public business entities that are U. S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) filers.	
	2. December 15, 2020, for public business entities that are not SEC filers.	
	3. December 15, 2021, for all other entities, including not-for-profit entities.	

Type of Change	Description of Change	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
	Thereafter, the presentation and disclosure requirements in item 7c below will no longer apply. Early adoption is permitted for interim and annual goodwill impairment tests with a measurement date (i.e., performed on testing dates) on or after January 1, 2017.	
Intangibl	es – Goodwill and Other (ASC 350)	
Internal-	Use Software	
New	<i>Note:</i> The presentation and disclosure requirements in item 3 below are prescribed by ASU No. 2016-19, <i>Technical Corrections and Improvements</i> , which is effective for public business entities for annual periods, including interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2016. For all other entities, the requirements are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods in annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted. ASU No. 2016-19 may be applied either prospectively to all arrangements entered into or materially modified after the effective date or retrospectively. (ASC 350-40-65-2)	
New	Have the following transitional disclosures related to the adoption of ASU No. 2016-19 been made (ASC 350-40-65-2):	
New	For a public business entity that elects prospective transition, in the first interim period and annual period after adoption; and for all other entities, in the first annual period of adoption and in the interim periods within the first annual period after the adoption date:	
New	The nature of and reason for the change in accounting principle?	
New	The transition method?	
New	A qualitative description of the financial statement line items affected by the change?	
New	For an entity that elects retrospective transition, in the first annual period of adoption and in the interim periods within the first annual period after the adoption date:	
New	The nature of and reason for the change in accounting principle?	
New	The transition method?	
New	A description of the prior-period information that has been retrospectively adjusted?	
New	The effect of the change on income from continuing operations, net income (or other appropriate captions of changes in the applicable net assets or performance indicator), any other affected financial statement line item(s), and any affected per-share amounts for the current period and any prior periods, retrospectively adjusted?	
New	The cumulative effect of the change on retained earnings or other components of equity or net assets in the balance sheet as of the beginning of the earliest period presented?	
Property,	Plant, and Equipment (ASC 360)	
1 0,	ent or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets	
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Type of Change	Description of Change	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
New	<i>Note:</i> The presentation and disclosure requirements in items 1 through 7 below have been superseded by the amendments in ASU No. 2014-08, <i>Presentation of Financial Statements (Topic</i> 205) and Property, Plant, and Equipment (Topic 360) – Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity. ASU No. 2014-08 is effective on a prospective basis for public business entities and not-for-profit entities that have issued, or are conduit bond obligors for, securities that are traded, listed, or quoted on an exchange or an over-the- counter market, for all disposals (or classifications as held for sale) of components of an entity and all businesses or nonprofit activities that, on acquisition, are classified as held for sale that occur within annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014, and interim periods within those years. For all other entities, the requirements are effective on a prospective basis for all disposals (or classifications as held for sale) of components of an entity and all businesses or nonprofit activities that, on acquisition, are classified as held for sale that occur within annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014, and interim periods within annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2015. Thereafter, the presentation and disclosure requirements in items 8 through 17 below should be followed. Early adoption is permitted only for disposals (or classifications as held for sale) that have not been reported in financial statements previously issued or available for issuance. Also, an entity may not apply the amendments in ASU No. 2014-08 to a component of an entity, or a business or nonprofit activity that is classified as held for sale before the effective date even if the component of an entity, or business or nonprofit activity, is disposed of after the effective date. (ASC 205-20-65-1)	
Modify	Have long-lived assets classified as held for sale (but not qualifying for presentation as a discontinued operation in the balance sheet) been presented separately in the balance sheet of the current period? (ASC 360-10-45-14) <i>Note:</i> The assets and liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale should be presented separately in the asset and liability sections, respectively, of the balance sheet. Those assets and liabilities classified as held for sale should be separately presented on the face of the balance sheet or disclosed in the notes to financial statements. Any loss recognized on the disposal group classified as held for sale in accordance with ASC paragraphs 360-10-35-37 through 35-45 and 360-10-40-5 should not be allocated to the major classes of assets and liabilities of the disposal group.	Reset due to content changes
Deleted	Have long-lived assets classified as held for sale been presented separately in the balance sheet? (ASC 360-10-45-14)	
New	For any period in which a long-lived asset (disposal group) either has been disposed of or is classified as held for sale, have the following disclosures been made in the notes to the financial statements (ASC 360-10-50-3 and ASC 610-20-50-1):	
New	Has an impairment loss recognized for a long-lived asset (asset group) to be held and used been included in income from continuing operations before income taxes? (ASC 360-10-45-4)	

Type of Change	Description of Change	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
New	Has a gain or loss recognized (see ASC Subtopic 610-20 on the sale or transfer of a nonfinancial asset) on the sale of a long-lived asset (disposal group) that is not a discontinued operation been included in income from continuing operations before income taxes? (ASC 360-10-45-5)	
New	If circumstances arise that previously were considered unlikely and, as a result, an entity decides not to sell a long-lived asset (disposal group) previously classified as held for sale (ASC 360-10-45-6 and 45-7):	
New	Has the asset (disposal group) been reclassified as held and used?	
New	Has any required adjustment to the carrying amount of the long-lived asset that is reclassified as held and used been included in income from continuing operations in the period of the subsequent decision not to sell and in the same income statement caption used to report a loss, if any, recognized in accordance with item 9 above?	
New	If a component of an entity is reclassified as held and used, have the results of operations of the component previously reported in discontinued operations been reclassified and included in income from continuing operations for all periods presented?	
New	If the criteria for classification as held for sale for a long-lived asset (disposal group) are met after the balance-sheet date, but before the financial statements are issued or are available to be issued, does the long-lived asset (disposal group) continue to be classified as held and used in those financial statements, and has the following information been disclosed (ASC 360-10-45-13; 205-20- 50-1(a)):	
New	A description of the facts and circumstances leading to the expected disposal?	
New	The expected manner and timing of the disposal?	
New	Have long-lived assets classified as held for sale (but not qualifying for presentation as a discontinued operation in the balance sheet) been presented separately in the balance sheet of the current period? (ASC 360-10-45-14)	
	<i>Note:</i> The assets and liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale should be presented separately in the asset and liability sections, respectively, of the balance sheet. Those assets and liabilities should not be offset and presented as a single amount. The major classes of assets and liabilities classified as held for sale should be separately presented on the face of the balance sheet or disclosed in the notes to financial statements. Any loss recognized on the disposal group classified as held for sale in accordance with ASC paragraphs 360-10-35-37 through 35-45 and 360-10-40-5 should not be allocated to the major classes of assets and liabilities of the disposal group.	
New	Have long-lived assets to be disposed of other than by sale (e.g., by abandonment, in an exchange measured based on the recorded amount of the nonmonetary asset relinquished, or in a distribution to owners in a spinoff) been classified as held and used until they are disposed of? (ASC 360-10-45-15)	

Type of Change	Description of Change	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
New	Have the following disclosures been made in the notes to financial statements that include the period in which an impairment loss is recognized on long-lived assets classified as held and used (ASC 360-10-50-2):	
Deleted	Note: The disclosure requirement in item 18 below is prescribed by ASU No. 2014-04, Receivables — Troubled Debt Restructurings by Creditors (Subtopic 310-40) – Reclassification of Residential Real Estate Collateralized Consumer Mortgage Loans upon Foreclosure, which is effective for public business entities, for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2014. For all other entities, the requirements are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted. (ASC 310-40-65-2)	
Equity Spinoffs a	nd Reverse Spinoffs	
Deleted	<i>Note:</i> The presentation and disclosure requirements in item 1 below have been superseded by the amendments in ASU No. 2014-08, <i>Presentation of Financial Statements (Topic 205) and Property, Plant, and Equipment (Topic 360) – Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity. ASU No. 2014-08 is effective on a prospective basis for public business entities and not-for-profit entities that have issued, or are conduit bond obligors for, securities that are traded, listed, or quoted on an exchange or an over-the-counter market, for all disposals (or classifications as held for sale) of components of an entity and all businesses or nonprofit activities that, on acquisition, are classified as held for sale that occur within annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014, and interim periods within those years. For all other entities, the requirements are effective on a prospective basis for all disposals (or classifications as held for sale) of components of an entity and all businesses or nonprofit activities that, on acquisition, are classified as held for sale that occur within annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014, and interim periods beginning on or after December 15, 2015. Thereafter, the presentation and disclosure requirements in item 2 below should be followed. Early adoption is permitted only for disposals (or classifications as held for sale) that have not been reported in financial statements previously issued or available for issuance. Also, an entity may not apply the amendments in ASU No. 2014-08 to a component of an entity, or a business or nonprofit activity, that is classified as held for sale before the effective date even if the component of an entity, or business or nonprofit activity, is disposed of after the effective date. (ASC 205-20-65-1)</i>	
Deleted	If the accounting spinnee is a component of an entity and meets the conditions for reporting as discontinued operations (as contained in ASC paragraph 205-20-45-1), has the accounting spinnor reported the accounting spinnee as a discontinued operation? (ASC 505-60-45-1)	
Deleted	<i>Note:</i> The presentation and disclosure requirements in item 1 above have been superseded by the amendments in ASU No. 2014-08, <i>Presentation of Financial Statements (Topic 205) and Property, Plant, and Equipment (Topic 360) – Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity.</i> ASU No. 2014-08 is effective on a prospective basis for public business entities and not-for-profit entities that have issued, or are conduit bond obligors for,	

Type of Change	Description of Change	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
	securities that are traded, listed, or quoted on an exchange or an over-the-counter market, for all disposals (or classifications as held for sale) of components of an entity and all businesses or nonprofit activities that, on acquisition, are classified as held for sale that occur within annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014, and interim periods within those years. For all other entities, the requirements are effective on a prospective basis for all disposals (or classifications as held for sale) of components of an entity and all businesses or nonprofit activities that, on acquisition, are classified as held for sale that occur within annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014, and interim periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014, and interim periods within annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014, and interim periods within annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2015. Thereafter, the presentation and disclosure requirements in item 2 below should be followed. Early adoption is permitted only for disposals (or classifications as held for sale) that have not been reported in financial statements previously issued or available for issuance. Also, an entity may not apply the amendments in ASU No. 2014-08 to a component of an entity, or a business or nonprofit activity, its disposed of after the effective date. (ASC 205-20-65-1)	
Revenue f	rom Contracts with Customers (ASC 606)	
Modify	 Has the entity disclosed the following information about its remaining performance obligations (ASC 606-10-50-13 through 50-16; ASC 270-10-50-1A): <i>Note</i> 1: An entity need not disclose the information in this item 14 for a performance obligation if either: (a) the performance obligation is part of a contract that has an original expected duration of one year or less, or (b) the entity recognizes revenue from the satisfaction of the performance obligation in accordance with ASC paragraph 606-10-55-18. (ASC 606-10-50-14) <i>Note</i> 2: An entity need not disclose the information in this item 14 for variable consideration for which either: (a) the variable consideration is a sales-based or usage-based royalty promised in exchange for a license of intellectual property accounted for in accordance with ASC paragraphs 606-10-55-65 through 55-65B, or (b) the variable consideration is allocated entirely to a wholly unsatisfied performance obligation or to a wholly unsatisfied promise to transfer a distinct good or service that forms part of a single performance obligation in accordance with ASC paragraph 606-10-25-14(b), for which the criteria in ASC paragraph 606-10-32-40 have been met. The optional exemptions in this Note and in Note 1 item (b) above should not be applied to fixed consideration. (ASC 606-10-50-14A and 50-14B) <i>Note 3:</i> The disclosures in item 14 are optional for nonpublic entities. (ASC 606-10-50-16) 	Reset due to content changes
New	The following information about the application of the optional exemptions described in Notes 1 and 2 above (ASC 606-10-50-15):	

Type of Change	Description of Change	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
	<i>Note:</i> This information should include sufficient detail to enable users of financial statements to understand the remaining performance obligations that the entity excluded from the information disclosed in accordance with this item 14.	
New	Which optional exemptions in Notes 1 and 2 of this item 14 the entity is applying?	
New	The nature of the performance obligations?	
New	The remaining duration of the performance obligations?	
New	A description of the variable consideration (e.g., the nature of the variability and how that variability will be resolved) that has been excluded from the information disclosed in items 14 a. and 14 b. above?	
Modify	An explanation about whether any consideration from contracts with customers is not included in the transaction price and, therefore, not included in the information disclosed in accordance with items (a) and (b) above (e.g., an estimate of the transaction price would not include any estimated amounts of variable consideration that are constrained)? (ASC 606-10-50-15)	Reset due to content changes
Compens	ation – Nonretirement Postemployment Benefits (ASC 712)	
Defined E	Benefit Plans	
New	 Note: The presentation and disclosure requirements in items 1 and 2 below are prescribed by the amendments in ASU No. 2017-07, <i>Compensation — Retirement Benefits (Topic 715): Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost</i>, which is effective for public business entities, for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those annual periods. For all other entities, the requirements are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of an annual period for which financial statements (interim or annual) have not been issued or have not been made available for issuance. (ASC 715-20-65-3) The amendments in ASU No. 2017-07 should be applied (a) retrospectively for the presentation in the income statement of the service cost component and the other components of net periodic pension cost and net periodic postretirement benefit cost. As a practical expedient, an entity may use the amounts disclosed in its pension and other postretirement benefit plan note for the prior comparative periods as the estimation basis for applying the retrospective presentation requirements. If an entity elects to use the practical 	
Now	expedient, the entity should disclose that the practical expedient was used.	
New	Has the following been reported in the income statement of a defined benefit plan (ASC 715-20-45-3A):	
New	The service cost component of net periodic pension cost and net periodic postretirement benefit cost in the same line item or items as other compensation costs arising from services rendered by the	

Type of		
Change	Description of Change	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
	pertinent employees during the period (except for the amount being capitalized, if appropriate, in connection with the production or construction of an asset such as inventory or property, plant, and equipment)?	
New	The other components as defined in ASC paragraph 715-30-35-4 and ASC paragraph 715-60-35-9 (such as service cost, interest cost, and actual return on plan assets) separately from the service cost component and outside a subtotal of income from operations, if one is presented? (If a separate line item or items are used to present the other components, that line item or items should be described appropriately.)	
	<i>Note:</i> For the purpose of applying the guidance in items 1a. and 1b. above, a gain or loss from a settlement or curtailment or the cost of certain termination benefits accounted for under this ASC Topic 715 should be reported in the same way as the other components in item 1b. above. (ASC 715-20-45-3A)	
New	Have the nature of and reason for the change in accounting principle been disclosed in the first interim and annual period of the adoption of ASU No. 2017-07? (ASC 715-20-65-3)	
Compens	sation – Retirement Benefits (ASC 715)	
New	<i>Note:</i> The presentation and disclosure requirements in item 1h(8) below are prescribed by the amendments in ASU No. 2017-07, <i>Compensation — Retirement Benefits (Topic 715): Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost</i> , which is effective for public business entities, for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those annual periods. For all other entities, the requirements are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of an annual period for which financial statements (interim or annual) have not been issued or have not been made available for issuance. (ASC 715-20-65-3)	
New	The line item(s) used in the income statement to present the components other than the service cost component of net benefit cost recognized, if the other components are not presented in a separate line item or items in the income statement?	
Compens	sation – Retirement Benefits (ASC 715)	
Pension a	and Postretirement Defined Benefit Plans—Reduced Disclosure Requirements for Nonpublic Entities ((Annual Periods)
New	<i>Note:</i> The presentation and disclosure requirements in item 1q below are prescribed by the amendments in ASU No. 2017-07, <i>Compensation — Retirement Benefits (Topic 715): Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost</i> , which is effective for public business entities, for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of an annual period for which financial statements (interim or annual) have not been issued or have not been made available for issuance. (ASC 715-20-65-3)	
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Type of Change	Description of Change	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
New	The amount of the other components and the line item(s) used in the income statement to present the components other than the service cost component of net periodic benefit cost recognized, if the components other than the service cost component are not presented in a separate line item or items in the income statement?	
-	ation – Retirement Benefits (ASC 715)	
New	Note: The presentation and disclosure requirements in item 1h below are prescribed by the	15)
	amendments in ASU No. 2017-07, <i>Compensation — Retirement Benefits (Topic 715): Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost</i> , which is effective for public business entities, for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those annual periods. For all other entities, the requirements are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of an annual period for which financial statements (interim or annual) have not been issued or have not been made available for issuance. (ASC 715-20-65-3)	
New	The line item(s) used in the income statement to present the components other than the service cost component of net benefit cost recognized, if the other components are not presented in a separate line item or items in the income statement?	
Income T Overall	Faxes (ASC 740)	
New	<i>Note:</i> The presentation and disclosure requirements in item 6 below are prescribed by ASU No. 2016-16, <i>Income Taxes (Topic 740): Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory</i> , which is effective on a modified retrospective basis for public business entities for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those annual periods. For all other entities, the requirements are effective on a modified retrospective basis for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of an annual period for which financial statements (interim or annual) have not been issued or made available for issuance. (ASC 740-10-65-5)	
New	<i>Note:</i> ASU No. 2016-16 should be adopted on a modified retrospective basis, with a cumulative- effect adjustment directly to retained earnings as of the beginning of the period of adoption for the recognition of income tax consequences of intra-entity transfers of assets other than inventory that occur before the adoption date. Deferred tax assets recognized as a result of the adoption of ASU No. 2016-16 should be assessed for realizability in accordance with ASC Topic 740. A valuation allowance recognized as of the beginning of the period of adoption for deferred tax assets recognized as a result of the adoption of ASU No. 2016-16 should be recognized through a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings. (ASC 740-10-65-5)	

Type of Change	Description of Change	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
New	Have the following transitional disclosures related to the adoption of ASU No. 2016-16 been made in the first annual period of adoption and in the interim periods within the first annual period of adoption (ASC 740-10-65-5):	
New	The nature of and reason for the change in accounting principle?	
New	The effect of the change for the current period on:	
New	Income from continuing operations?	
New	Net income (or other appropriate captions of changes in the applicable net assets or performance indicator)?	
New	Any other affected financial statement line item(s)?	
New	Any affected per-share amounts?	
New	The cumulative effect of the change on retained earnings or other components of equity or net assets in the balance sheet as of the beginning of the period of adoption?	
	axes (ASC 740) ized Tax Benefits	
New	Note: The disclosure requirements under items 1 and 2 below have been superseded or amended by the guidance in ASU No. 2013-11, <i>Income Taxes (Topic 740) – Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists,</i> which is effective on a prospective basis for public entities for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013. For nonpublic entities, the disclosures are effective on a prospective basis for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2014. Thereafter, the disclosure requirements in items 3 through 6 below are to be followed. Early adoption and retrospective application are both permitted. (ASC 740-10-65-3)	
New	Has a liability associated with an unrecognized tax benefit been classified as a current liability (or the amount of a net operating loss carryforward or amount refundable is reduced) to the extent the entity anticipates payment (or receipt) of cash within one year (or the operating cycle, if longer)? (ASC 740-10-45-11) (<i>Note:</i> The liability for unrecognized tax benefits (or reduction in amounts refundable) should not be combined with deferred tax liabilities or assets.)	
New	Has a liability for an unrecognized tax benefit <i>not</i> been classified as a deferred tax liability unless it arises from a taxable temporary difference? (ASC 740-10-45-12)	
New	Note: The disclosure requirements under items 1 and 2 above have been superseded or amended by the guidance in ASU No. 2013-11, Income Taxes (Topic 740) – Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists, which is effective on a prospective basis for public entities for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013. For nonpublic entities, the disclosures are effective on a prospective basis for fiscal years, and interim periods within those ncorporated and/or Its Affiliates. All Rights Reserved.KCO-001	Page 34

Type of Change	Description of Change	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
	years, beginning after December 15, 2014. Thereafter, the disclosure requirements in items 3 through 6 below are to be followed. Early adoption and retrospective application are both permitted. (ASC 740-10-65-3)	
Consolida	tion (ASC 810)	
New	<i>Note:</i> The presentation and disclosure requirements in item 1(g) below have been superseded by the amendments in ASU No. 2016-16, <i>Income Taxes (Topic 740): Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory</i> , which is effective on a modified retrospective basis for public business entities for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those annual periods. For all other entities, the requirements are effective on a modified retrospective basis for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Thereafter, the presentation and disclosure requirements in item 1(h) below should be followed. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of an annual period for which financial statements (interim or annual) have not been issued or made available for issuance. (ASC 740-10-65-5)	
New	<i>Note:</i> ASU No. 2016-16 should be adopted on a modified retrospective basis, with a cumulative- effect adjustment directly to retained earnings as of the beginning of the period of adoption for the recognition of income tax consequences of intra-entity transfers of assets other than inventory that occur before the adoption date. Deferred tax assets recognized as a result of the adoption of ASU No. 2016-16 should be assessed for realizability in accordance with ASC Topic 740. A valuation allowance recognized as of the beginning of the period of adoption for deferred tax assets recognized as a result of the adoption of ASU No. 2016-16 should be recognized through a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings. (ASC 740-10-65-5)	
New	<i>Note:</i> The presentation and disclosure requirements in item 1(g) above have been superseded by the amendments in ASU No. 2016-16, <i>Income Taxes (Topic 740): Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory</i> , which is effective on a modified retrospective basis for public business entities for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those annual periods. For all other entities, the requirements are effective on a modified retrospective basis for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Thereafter, the presentation and disclosure requirements in item 1(h) below should be followed. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of an annual period for which financial statements (interim or annual) have not been issued or made available for issuance. (ASC 740-10-65-5)	
New	<i>Note:</i> ASU No. 2016-16 should be adopted on a modified retrospective basis, with a cumulative- effect adjustment directly to retained earnings as of the beginning of the period of adoption for the recognition of income tax consequences of intra-entity transfers of assets other than inventory that occur before the adoption date. Deferred tax assets recognized as a result of the adoption of ASU No. 2016-16 should be assessed for realizability in accordance with ASC Topic 740. A valuation allowance recognized as of the beginning of the period of adoption for deferred tax assets recognized as a result of the adoption of ASU No. 2016-16 should be recognized through a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings. (ASC 740-10-65-5)	

Type of Change	Description of Change	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
New	If income taxes have been paid on intercompany profits on inventory remaining within the consolidated group, have (a) those taxes been deferred, or (b) the intercompany profits to be eliminated in consolidation been appropriately reduced? (ASC 810-10-45-8)	
New	<i>Note:</i> The presentation and disclosure requirements in item 12 below are prescribed by ASU No. 2016-17, <i>Consolidation (Topic 810): Interests Held through Related Parties That Are under Common Control</i> , which is effective for public business entities for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those annual periods. For all other entities, the requirements are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted, including in an interim period. If an entity adopts ASU No. 2016-17 in an interim period, any adjustments should be reflected as of the beginning of the fiscal year that includes that interim period. (ASC 810-10-65-8)	
New	<i>Note:</i> An entity that has not yet adopted ASU No. 2015-02 should adopt ASU No. 2016-17 at the same time it adopts ASU No. 2015-02 and should apply the same transition method elected for ASU No. 2015-02. (ASC 810-10-65-8)	
New	<i>Note:</i> An entity that has adopted ASU No. 2015-02 should adopt ASU No. 2016-17 retrospectively to all relevant prior periods beginning with the fiscal years in which ASU No. 2015-02 was initially applied. The entity should recognize the cumulative effect of initially applying ASU No. 2016-17 as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings (or other appropriate components of equity or net assets in the balance sheet) of the fiscal year that includes the date of initial adoption. (ASC 810-10-65-8)	
New	Have the disclosures required in ASC paragraphs 250-10-50-1 through 50-2 (with the exception of the disclosure in paragraph 250-10-50-1(b)(2)) been made in the period of adoption of ASU No. 2016-17? (See ASC Topic 250, <i>Accounting Changes and Error Corrections</i>)	
Derivative	es and Hedging (ASC 815)	
New	<i>Note:</i> The presentation and disclosure requirements in item 11 below are prescribed by ASU No. 2015-13, <i>Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Application of the Normal Purchases and Normal Sales Scope Exception to Certain Electricity Contracts within Nodal Energy Markets.</i> ASU No. 2015-13 is effective upon issuance (i.e., August 2015) for all entities on a prospective basis. (ASC 815-10-65-7)	
New	Have the following transitional disclosures related to the adoption of ASU No. 2015-13 been made in the first interim and annual period of adoption (ASC 815-10-65-7):	
New	The nature of and reason for the change in accounting principle?	
New	An explanation of why the newly adopted accounting principle is preferable?	
New	Note: The disclosure and presentation requirements in items 1 through 3 below are prescribed by ASU No. 2014-03, Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815) – Accounting for Certain Receive-Variable, Pay-Fixed Interest Rate Swaps – Simplified Hedge Accounting Approach, as amended by	

Type of Change	Description of Change	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
	ASU 2016-03, Intangibles — Goodwill and Other (Topic 350), Business Combinations (Topic 805), Consolidation (Topic 810), Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Effective Date and Transition Guidance. ASU No. 2014-03 should be applied by private companies as of the beginning of the first fiscal year in which the simplified hedge accounting approach is elected on either a modified retrospective basis or a full retrospective basis, with such election to be made on a swap-by-swap basis. The election to apply the simplified hedge accounting approach to an existing swap should be made upon its adoption and can be applied only to existing swaps the first time the election is made. After the initial election is made to apply the simplified hedge accounting approach to existing swaps, no further retrospective applications to existing swaps (full or modified) are permitted. (ASC 815-10-65-6 and 815-20-25-131B)	
Fair Valu	e Measurements and Disclosures (ASC 820)	
Modify	The change in either or both a valuation approach and a valuation technique, or use of an additional valuation technique, and the reasons for such change or addition, for recurring and nonrecurring fair value measurements categorized within Level 2 and Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy?	Reset due to content changes
Transfers	and Servicing (ASC 860)	
Sales (Tra	ansfers) of Financial Assets	
New	<i>Note: Interaction of ASC Topic 860 with other ASC Topics:</i> If specific disclosures are required for a particular form of a transferor's continuing involvement by other ASC Topics, the transferor should provide the information required in items 1a.(1), 1a.(2) and 1b.(1) below with a cross-reference to the separate notes to financial statements so a financial statement user can understand the risks retained in the transfer. The entity does not need to provide each specific disclosure required in items 1a.(3) and 1b. below if the disclosure is not required by other ASC Topics and the objectives of ASC paragraphs 860-10-50-3 through 50-4 are met (e.g., if the transferor's only form of continuing involvement is a derivative, the entity should provide the disclosures required in items 1a.(1), 1a.(2) and 1b.(1) below and the disclosures about derivatives required by applicable ASC Topics). In addition, the entity should evaluate whether the other disclosures in items 1a. and 1b. below are necessary for the entity to meet the objectives in those paragraphs. (ASC 860-20-50-2A)	
Deleted	 Note: The presentation and disclosure requirements in item 3 below are prescribed by ASU No. 2014-11, <i>Transfers and Servicing (Topic 860) – Repurchase-to-Maturity Transactions, Repurchase Financings, and Disclosures.</i> The accounting changes in ASU No. 2014-11 are effective for public business entities for the first interim or annual period beginning after December 15, 2014. For all other entities, the accounting changes are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014, and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is not permitted for public business entities. For all other entities, early adoption is permitted for interim periods beginning after December 15, 2014. (ASC 860-10-65-5) An entity should recognize the effect of initially applying the accounting changes as a cumulative effect adjustment to retained earnings as of the beginning of the period of adoption. 	
Deleted	The disclosures required by ASU No. 2014-11 should be presented as follows:	
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Type of Change	Description of Change	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
-	• For public business entities, the disclosures required by ASC paragraph 860-20-50-4A (item 3 below) should be presented for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014. For all other entities, the disclosures required by ASC paragraph 860-20-50-4A should be presented for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014, and for interim periods beginning after December 15, 2015.	
	• For public business entities, the disclosures required by ASC paragraph 860-30-50-7 (item 5 below under "Secured Borrowings and Collateral") should be presented for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014, and for interim periods beginning after March 15, 2015. For all other entities, the disclosures required by ASC paragraph 860-30-50-7 should be presented for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015.	
	All disclosures in ASU No. 2014-11 are not required for comparative periods presented before the effective date.	
Transfers	and Servicing (ASC 860)	
Secured B	orrowings and Collateral	
Deleted	<i>Note:</i> The presentation and disclosure requirements in item 4 below have been superseded by the amendments in ASU No. 2014-11, <i>Transfers and Servicing (Topic 860) – Repurchase-to-Maturity Transactions, Repurchase Financings, and Disclosures.</i> The accounting changes in ASU No. 2014-11 are effective for public business entities for the first interim or annual period beginning after December 15, 2014. For all other entities, the accounting changes are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Thereafter, the presentation and disclosure requirements in items 5 and 6 below should be followed. Early adoption is not permitted for public business entities. For all other entities, early adoption is permitted for interim periods beginning after December 15, 2014. (ASC 860-10-65-5)	
	An entity should recognize the effect of initially applying the accounting changes as a cumulative effect adjustment to retained earnings as of the beginning of the period of adoption.	
Deleted	The disclosures required by ASU No. 2014-11 should be presented as follows:	
	• For public business entities, the disclosures required by ASC paragraph 860-20- 50-4A (item 3 above under "Sales (Transfers) of Financial Assets") should be presented for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014. For all other entities, the disclosures required by ASC paragraph 860-20-50-4A should be presented for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014, and for interim periods beginning after December 15, 2014.	
	For public business entities, the disclosures required by ASC paragraph 860-30- 50-7 (item 5 below) should be presented for annual periods beginning after and/or Its Affiliates. All Rights Reserved. KCO-001	Page 38

Type of Change	Description of Change	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
	December 15, 2014, and for interim periods beginning after March 15, 2015. For all other entities, the disclosures required by ASC paragraph 860-30-50-7 should be presented for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014, and for interim periods beginning after December 15, 2015.	*
	All disclosures in ASU No. 2014-11 are not required for comparative periods presented before the effective date.	
Deleted	Has the information required by paragraphs ASC 210-20-50-1 through 50-6 for both of the following that are either offset in accordance with ASC Section 210-20-45 or subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement been disclosed (ASC 860-30-50-6 and ASC 210-20-65-2):	
Deleted	Recognized repurchase agreements and reverse sale and repurchase agreements?	
Deleted	Recognized securities borrowing and securities lending transactions?	
Deleted	<i>Note:</i> The presentation and disclosure requirements in item 4 above have been superseded by the amendments in ASU No. 2014-11, <i>Transfers and Servicing (Topic 860) – Repurchase-to-Maturity Transactions, Repurchase Financings, and Disclosures.</i> The accounting changes in ASU No. 2014-11 are effective for public business entities for the first interim or annual period beginning after December 15, 2014. For all other entities, the accounting changes are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014, and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Thereafter, the presentation and disclosure requirements in items 5 and 6 below should be followed. Early adoption is not permitted for public business entities. For all other entities, early adoption is permitted for interim periods beginning after December 15, 2014. (ASC 860-10-65-5)	
	An entity should recognize the effect of initially applying the accounting changes as a cumulative effect adjustment to retained earnings as of the beginning of the period of adoption.	
Deleted	 The disclosures required by ASU No. 2014-11 should be presented as follows: For public business entities, the disclosures required by ASC paragraph 860-20-50-4A (item 3 above under "Sales (Transfers) of Financial Assets") should be presented for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014. For all other entities, the disclosures required by ASC paragraph 860-20-50-4A should be presented for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014, and for interim periods beginning after December 15, 2014, and for interim periods beginning after December 15, 2014, and for 50-7 (item 5 below) should be presented for annual periods beginning after March 15, 2015. For all other entities, the disclosures required by ASC paragraph 860-30-50-7 (item 5 below) should be presented for annual periods beginning after March 15, 2015. For all other entities, the disclosures required by ASC paragraph 860-30-50-7 (item 5 below) should be presented for annual periods beginning after March 15, 2015. For all other entities, the disclosures required by ASC paragraph 860-30-50-7 (item 5 below) should be presented for annual periods beginning after March 15, 2015. For all other entities, the disclosures required by ASC paragraph 860-30-50-7 should 	
	be presented for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014, and for interim periods beginning after December 15, 2015.	

Type of Change	Description of Change	Roll Forward and Update Content Considerations
	All disclosures in ASU No. 2014-11 are not required for comparative periods presented before the effective date.	

Audit Programs (AUDs): have been modified and updated, where applicable, in accordance with standards, for consistency, and to customize wording for the industry.

Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
AUD-100) Engagement-Level Tailoring Questions				
New	New TQ, "Will the audit be conducted in accordance with Government Auditing Standards (GAGAS)?"			GAGAS	
AUD-101	l Overall Audit Program				
New	New TQ, "Will the audit be conducted in accordance with Government Auditing Standards (GAGAS)?" that flows from AUD-100.				
New	Note: The applicability of Government Auditing Standards to the audit of the financial statements and the relationship of those auditing standards to auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America are discussed in RES-GOV Government Auditing Standards and Single Audits . If the audit engagement is subject to the requirements of the Single Audit Act of 1996 (as amended) and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), please refer to the "Single Audits" Knowledge-Based Audit Methodology and Tools to be used for the conduct of the compliance audit portion of the Single Audit, which are maintained in a separate add-on module to the health care module.			GAGAS	
Modify	Modifications throughout including: revised steps regarding predecessor auditor (from AUD-201); added step regarding understanding internal audit; moved unpredictability from practice point to subpoint; and added examples).	Procedures steps	N		Step 7 and 8 will retain on roll forward from AUD-201.

Type of			Based on Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	 Under "Preliminary Engagement Activities," modified and reorganized steps 7, 8, and 9, as follows: 1. Prior to beginning the initial audit engagement, request management to authorize the predecessor auditor to allow a review of his or her audit documentation and for the predecessor auditor to respond fully to all inquiries by us. <i>COR-203 Entity Consent and Acknowledgment Letter COR-206 Successor Auditor Acknowledgment Letter</i> 2. If the prior year's financial statements were audited, communicate with the predecessor auditor, in compliance with relevant ethical requirements, and request access to the predecessor auditor's audit documentation in order to obtain evidence regarding the opening balances. <i>COR-204 Communication with Predecessor Auditor Prior to Client/Engagement Acceptance</i> 	Location			Roll Forward Considerations
	COR-205 Request from Entity to Predecessor Auditor to Release Information to Successor Auditor COR-206-Successor Auditor Acknowledgment Letter COR-207 Representation Letter from Successor Auditor to Predecessor Auditor				
	Practice Point: If the prior period's financial statements were audited by a predecessor auditor, sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the opening balances cannot be obtained by reviewing the predecessor auditor's audit documentation alone.				
	3. Perform client acceptance or continuance procedures in accordance with firm policy.				
	KBA-200 Entity Information and Background KBA-201-Engagement Acceptance and Continuance: Complex				
Delete	Deleted former step 9: If this is the initial audit engagement for a new client, communicate with the predecessor auditor when there has been a change of auditors.	Procedures steps	N		

Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
Modify	Under "Risk Assessment Procedures: Obtaining an Understanding of the Entity and Its Environment," added step 26:	Procedures steps	N		
	Obtain an understanding of the nature of the entity's internal audit function's responsibilities, how the internal audit function fits into the entity's organizational structure, and the activities performed or to be performed.				
	AID-601-Considering the Use of Work of Internal Auditors' Work				
	AID-602-Assessment of Internal Audit Function				
Modify	Under "Designing Audit Procedures in Response to Assessed Risks," modified step 2 and substeps, which now reads as follows:	Procedures steps	N		Step will reset on roll forward due to content changes.
	2. Design, document, and implement the auditor's overall responses to the assessed risks of material misstatement at the financial statement level, such as performing the following:				
	 Making appropriate assignments of significant engagement responsibilities. 				
	 Providing the extent of supervision that is appropriate for the circumstances, including in particular, the assessed risks of material misstatement. 				
	c. Incorporating and documenting the elements of unpredictability in the selection of audit procedures to be performed, such as:				
	 Performing substantive procedures on selected account balances and assertions not otherwise tested due to their materiality or risk. 				
	(2) Adjusting the timing of audit procedures from that otherwise expected.				
	(3) Using different sampling methods.				
	(4) Performing audit procedures at different locations or at locations on an unannounced basis.				
	d. Evaluating the entity's selection and application of significant accounting principles.				

Type of Change	Description of Change e. Exercising professional skepticism. f. General changes to the nature, timing, and extent of further audit procedures, such as whether or not to perform interim testing.	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
Modify	KBA-502-Summary of Risk AssessmentsUnder "Evaluating, Concluding, and Reporting Procedures," subsection "Evaluating the Results of Audit Procedures," modified step 13, which now reads as follows:Evaluate whether the financial statements as a whole (including disclosures) are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the requirements of the applicable financial reporting framework and are free of material misstatement, and evaluate the qualitative aspects of the entity's accounting practices, including potential bias in management's judgments and the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and whether the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate.	Procedures steps	Y	ASU 2014-15	Step will retain on roll forward using default settings.
Modify	 Under "Evaluating, Concluding, and Reporting Procedures," subsection "Post-Issuance Procedures," modified step 33, which now reads as follows: Document any new or additional audit procedures performed or new conclusions reached after issuance of the auditor's report (<i>Note:</i> Any such instances are extremely rare and relate only to matters arising after the date of the auditor's report.). Practice Point: The auditor is permitted to make changes that are only administrative in nature between the report release date and the documentation completion date (i.e., no later than 60 days after the report release date). Examples of such changes include: Deleting or discarding superseded documentation. Sorting, collating, and cross-referencing working papers. Signing off on completion checklists relating to the file assembly process. Documenting audit evidence that the auditor has obtained, discussed, and agreed with the relevant members of the engagement team before the date of the auditor's report. 	Procedures steps	Ν		Step will reset on roll forward due to content changes.

			Based on		
Type of			Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	Adding information received after the date of the auditor's report; for example, an original confirmation that was previously faxed. AID-902 Changes to Audit Documentation after the Auditor's Report Release Date				
New	Under "Preliminary Engagement Activities," new header and steps:		Y	GAGAS	
	Additional Preliminary Engagement Considerations for Engagements Conducted in Accordance with GAGAS				
	21. For audit engagements conducted in accordance with GAGAS, document that engagement team members have complied with applicable GAGAS requirements for continuing professional education hours.				
	22. For audit engagements conducted in accordance with GAGAS: Communicate pertinent information to the individuals contracting for or requesting the engagement, and when required, to any cognizant legislative committees when auditors perform the audit pursuant to a law or regulation or they conduct the work for the legislative committee that has oversight of the audited entity.				
	23. For audit engagements conducted in accordance with GAGAS, if the identity of those charged with governance is not clearly evident, or there is not a single individual or group that oversees both the strategic direction and the accountability obligations of the entity, document the process followed and conclusions reached to identify appropriate individuals to receive the required auditor communications.				
	These steps will show if the new TQ above is answered as "Yes".				
New	Under "Risk Assessment Procedures: Obtaining an Understanding of the Entity and Its Environment," new header and steps:		Y	GAGAS	
	Additional Considerations for Engagements Conducted in Accordance with GAGAS				

Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	23. For audit engagements conducted in accordance with GAGAS, inquire of management as to previous audits, attestation engagements, audits, or other studies that directly relate to the subject matter or an assertion about the subject matter of this engagement, and: and substeps				
	24. For audit engagements conducted in accordance with GAGAS, if abuse that could be quantitatively or qualitatively material is identified, apply audit procedures specifically directed to ascertain the potential effect on the financial statements or other financial data significant to the audit objectives.				
	25. For audit engagements conducted in accordance with GAGAS, if the entity is undergoing investigations or legal proceedings, evaluate the impact on the current audit.				
	These steps will show if the new TQ above is answered as "Yes".				
New	Under "Evaluating, Concluding, and Reporting Procedures," new headers and steps:		Y	GAGAS	
	Additional Evaluation Considerations for Engagements Conducted in Accordance with GAGAS				
	25. For audits conducted in accordance with GAGAS, for each finding, perform procedures necessary to develop the elements that are necessary and relevant to achieving the objective(s) of the engagement, including: and substeps				
	Additional Reporting Considerations for Engagements Conducted in Accordance with GAGAS				
	28. For audits conducted in accordance with GAGAS, include a statement in the auditor's report that the audit has been conducted in accordance with GAGAS.				
	29. For audits conducted in accordance with GAGAS, if certain pertinent information is prohibited from public disclosure or is excluded from a report due to confidential or sensitive nature of the information, disclose in the report that certain information has been omitted and the reason or other circumstances that make the omission necessary.				
	30. For audits conducted in accordance with GAGAS, if reporting deficiencies in internal control, fraud,				

			Based on		
Type of			Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	noncompliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, or grant agreements, or abuse: and substeps				
	31. For audits conducted in accordance with GAGAS, if the auditor has identified any known or likely fraud, noncompliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, or grant agreements, or abuse:				
	Additional Finalization Procedures for Engagements Conducted in Accordance with GAGAS				
	36. For audits conducted in accordance with GAGAS, in addition to documenting the auditor's reviews of the audit work, document the auditor's supervisory review, before the report release date, of the evidence that supports the findings, conclusions, and recommendations contained in the auditors' report.				
	These steps will show if the new TQ above is answered as "Yes".				
AUD-201 Engagen	1 Audit Program: Opening Balances and Additional Audit ment	Procedures for	an Initial A	udit	
Modify	Moved former steps 2-3 (Successor/Predecessor Auditor Communications) to AUD-101 and deleted former step 1 as it was duplicated in AUD-101.	Procedures steps	N		The steps moved to AUD-101 will be retained on roll forward using default settings.
AUD-604	4 Audit Program: Using the Work of a Management's Spec	ialist			
Modify	Under "Evaluating the Competence, Capabilities, and Objectivity of the Management's Specialist," modified step 4, which now reads as follows: The following describes our understanding of the nature, scope and objectives of the work of management's specialist, as well as, complexity and nature of the matter to which management's specialist will perform work, including the risk of material misstatement related to the matter and the procedures we performed to gain that understanding:	Procedures steps	N		Step will retain on roll forward if user selects to keep all on roll forward settings as default for this workpaper is to reset on roll forward.
Modify	Under "Evaluating the Competence, Capabilities, and Objectivity of the Management's Specialist," modified step 5, (wording added to document procedures performed to gain understanding); now reads as follows:	Procedures steps	N		Step will retain on roll forward if user selects to keep all on roll forward settings as default for this workpaper is to reset on roll forward.

Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	The following describes our understanding of the management's specialist's relationship with the entity and the procedures we performed to gain that understanding, including the extent to which management exercises control over the specialist and the procedures we performed to gain that understanding:				
AUD-701	Audit Program: Designing Tests of Controls				
Modify	In the Risks and/or Assertions table, planned control reliance column, added answer selection for "Maximum" and "Slightly Below Maximum"	Table	N		User answer here from prior year will retain on roll forward if the user selects the keep all option in the roll forward settings.
AUD-800	Audit Program: Custom through AUD-826 Audit Program	m: Concentrat	ions		
Modify	Changing all instances of appropriately to acceptably.	Instructions; Procedures; Practice Points			
AUD-801	Audit Program: Cash				
Modify	Minor wording changes for consistency.	Procedures steps	N		Step will retain on roll forward using default settings.
AUD-802	A Audit Program: Investments in Securities				
Modify	Minor wording modifications throughout, and: Under "Marketable Securities–Detailed Analysis" modified step 1, which now reads as follows: We obtained from the entity a detailed analysis of investments in marketable equity securities and all debt securities, showing the following (see the sample analysis of investments in securities at <i>AID-807 Investments in</i> <i>Securities Analysis</i>): Deleted former substep 1.f "Valuation allowances as of the	Procedures steps	Y	ASC 320- 10-45-3 through 45-6,	Step will retain on roll forward using default settings.
	beginning and end of the period, and changes in valuation allowances."				
Modify	Under "Marketable Securities—Arithmetical Accuracy," modified step 2, which now reads as follows:	Procedures steps	N		Step will retain on roll forward using default settings.

Type of			Based on Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change We tested the arithmetical accuracy of the analysis of investments in marketable equity securities and all debt securities.	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
Modify	Under "Marketable Securities—Opening Balances," modified step 3, which now reads as follows: We traced the opening balances of investments in marketable equity securities and all debt securities to prior-period workpapers and the year-end balances to the general ledger.	Procedures steps	N		Step will retain on roll forward using default settings.
Delete	Under "Held by Third Parties," deleted the sufficient evidence of investment Practice Point: Practice Point: For investments held by a third party that have no observable market, confirmation of the fair value of investment securities individually or in the aggregate is typically not sufficient evidence of the existence or valuation assertion s as that third party is often serving as a management's specialist. For further guidance, refer to AU-C Section 500, <i>Audit Evidence</i> .	Procedures steps	Y	Was based on AICPA guidance that is no longer applicable	
Modify	Under "Transfers between Categories," modified step 18, which now reads as follows: We evaluated whether any transfers between classifications of investment securities have been properly made and recorded in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.	Procedures steps	N		Step will retain on roll forward using default settings.
Modify	Under 'Investments Carried on the Equity Method— Detailed Analysis," step 25, substep e, added the following Practice Point: Practice Point: Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-07, <i>Investments—Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323):</i> <i>Simplifying the Transition to the Equity Method of Accounting</i> , eliminates the requirement to apply the equity method of accounting retrospectively for changes in ownership which result in the application of the equity method of accounting over a previously held investment. The ASU is effective for all entities for periods beginning after December 15, 2016; however, the amendments can be adopted early.	Procedures steps	Y	ASU 2016-07	
Modify	Under "Audit Procedures for Tests of Valuations," modified step 69 (and the second Practice Point), as follows:	Procedures steps	N		Step will retain on roll forward using default settings.

			Based on		
Type of			Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	For investments in securities that are recorded at fair value, we tested such valuations as follows:				
	Practice Point : Further guidance is provided in AU-C Section 540, Auditing Accounting Estimates, Including Fair Value Accounting Estimates, and Related Disclosures, and AU-C Section 620, Using the Work of an Auditor's Specialist, on obtaining and evaluating sufficient appropriate audit evidence to support significant accounting estimates and using the work of an auditor's specialist in connection therewith.				
	AUD-816 Audit Program: Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures				
	AUD-603 Audit Program: Using the Work of an Auditor's Specialist				
	Practice Point: Typically, for investment securities, confirmation of fair value at the audit date alone would not be sufficient audit evidence to support the valuation assertion.				
Modify	Under "Audit Procedures for Tests of Valuations," modified the Practice Point in step 69, substep e.(2), as follows:	Procedures steps	N		
	Practice Point: For investment securities where a readily determinable fair value does not exist, confirmation of fair value at the audit date alone may not be sufficient audit evidence to support the valuation assertion. Additionally, when using third-party pricing services to audit client fair value estimates, consideration should be given to ensure the same pricing services used by the client are not also used by the auditor and the use of multiple pricing services is recommended.				
AUD-802	2B Audit Program: Derivative Instruments and Hedging A	ctivities			
Modify	Minor wording modifications throughout, and: Under "Derivatives and Hedging—Understanding,", modified step 1, which now reads as follows:	Procedures steps	N		Step will retain on roll forward using default settings.
	We have obtained an understanding of how management has identified derivative instruments and hedging activities, including the identification of embedded derivatives (i.e., whether the derivative has been evaluated to be properly separated from its host contract).				
Modify	Under "Derivatives and Hedging—Management's Calculation,", modified step 2, which now reads as follows:	Procedures steps	N		Step will retain on roll forward using default settings.
	We evaluated management's determination of the fair value of all derivatives, including those that are				
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			Based on		
Type of			Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	freestanding, hedging instruments, and embedded features. If applicable, if management has not been able to measure the embedded derivative separately from its host contract, we have evaluated management's calculation of the entire hybrid (combined) contract at fair value.				
Modify	Under "Derivatives and Hedging—Procedures,", added sub-substeps step 5.1. (5) and (6), as follows:	Procedures steps	N		
	We obtained and evaluated management's calculation of ineffectiveness associated with the hedging relationship, as applicable.				
	We reviewed any changes to the hedging instrument and hedged item to evaluate if hedge accounting remains appropriate (i.e., whether the transaction no longer qualifies for hedge accounting).				
Modify	Under "Audit Procedures for Tests of Valuations," modified Practice Point in sub-substep 7.e.(2) as follows: Practice Point: For derivatives where a readily determinable fair value does not exist, confirmation of fair value at the audit date alone may not be sufficient audit evidence to support the valuation assertion. Additionally, when using third-party pricing services to audit client fair value estimates, consideration should be given to ensure the same pricing services used by the client are not also used by the auditor and the use of multiple pricing services is recommended	Procedures steps	N		
AUD-803	Audit Program: Patient Accounts Receivable and Net Pat	ient Service R	evenue		
Modify	Added Practice Alerts: Practice Alert: In June 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-13, <i>Financial</i> <i>Instruments—Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit</i> <i>Losses on Financial Instruments.</i> ASU No. 2016-13 addresses the recognition and measurement of credit losses on loans and other financial instruments, and requires additional disclosures. The new guidance, referred to as the current expected credit loss (CECL) model, requires the measurement of all expected credit losses for financial assets held at the reporting date (excluding available-for- sale debt securities) based on historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts. Forward- looking information will be used to generate credit loss estimates. ASU No. 2016-13 establishes new ASC Topic 326, <i>Financial</i> <i>Instruments—Credit Losses—Measured at Amortized Cost</i> , provides guidance on the measurement of expected credit losses on financial instruments measured at amortized cost and on	Purpose	Y	ASU 2016-13; ASU 2014-09	
	leases. Subtopic 326-30, Financial Instruments—Credit Incorporated and/or Its Affiliates. All Rights Reserved		I	KCO-001	Page 50

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Type of			Based on Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	Losses—Available-for-Sale Debt Securities, provides guidance on the measurement of credit losses on available-for-sale securities.				
	ASU No. 2016-13 supersedes the impairment guidance in Subtopic 310-10, <i>Receivables—Overall</i> , and places the credit loss guidance for assets measured at amortized cost in Subtopic 326- 20. In addition, ASU No. 2016-13 supersedes the guidance in Subtopic 310-30, <i>Receivables—Loans and Debt Securities</i> <i>Acquired with Deteriorated Credit Quality</i> . Guidance for credit losses for purchased financial assets with a more-than- insignificant amount of credit deterioration is included in Subtopic 326-20. Guidance for purchased available-for-sale securities with a more-than-insignificant amount of credit deterioration is included in Subtopic 326-30.				
	The amendments in ASU No. 2016-13 apply to all entities and affect entities that hold financial assets and net investments in leases that are not accounted for at fair value with changes in fair value reported in net income. The amendments affect loans, debt securities, trade receivables, net investments in leases, off- balance-sheet credit exposures, reinsurance receivables, and any other financial assets not excluded from the scope that have the contractual right to receive cash.				
	ASU No. 2016-13 is effective for public business entities that are SEC filers for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other public business entities that are not SEC filers, the requirements are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, including interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, including not-for-profit entities within the scope of ASC Topic 958 and employee benefit plans within the scope of ASC Topics 960 through 965 on plan accounting, the requirements are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021. Early adoption is permitted for all entities for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2018.				
	The amendments in ASU No. 2016-13 will affect entities to varying degrees depending on the credit quality of the assets held, their duration, and how current U.S. GAAP is applied.				
	Practice Alert: In May 2014, the FASB issued its new revenue recognition guidance in Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2014-09, <i>Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)</i> . This ASU supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in ASC Topic 605, <i>Revenue Recognition</i> , and most industry-specific guidance. It also supersedes some cost guidance included in Subtopic 605-35, <i>Revenue Recognition—Construction-Type and Production-Type Contracts</i> .				
	The new requirements in ASU No. 2014-09, as amended by ASU No. 2015-14, <i>Revenue from Contracts with Customers</i> (<i>Topic 606</i>): <i>Deferral of the Effective Date</i> , are effective on a retrospective basis for public business entities, not-for-profit entities that have issued, or are conduit bond obligors for,				

Type of			Based on Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	securities that are traded, listed, or quoted on an exchange or an over-the-counter market, and employee benefit plans that file or furnish financial statements with or to the Securities and Exchange Commission, for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim reporting periods within that reporting period. Early adoption is permitted only as of annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim reporting periods within that reporting period.				
	For all other entities, the requirements are effective on a retrospective basis for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim reporting periods within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. However, all such other entities may elect early adoption only as of either: (<i>a</i>) an annual reporting period beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim reporting periods within that reporting period; or (<i>b</i>) an annual reporting period beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim reporting periods within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim reporting periods within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim reporting periods within annual reporting periods beginning one year after the annual reporting period in which an entity first applies ASU No. 2014-09, as subsequently amended.				
	An entity should apply the new guidance in ASU No. 2014-09, as subsequently amended, using one of the following two methods:				
	 Retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented in accordance with the guidance on accounting changes in ASC paragraphs 250-10-45-5 through 45-10. Under this transition method, the entity should provide the disclosures required in ASC paragraphs 250-10-50-1 through 50-2 in the period of adoption, except that an entity need not disclose the effect of the changes on the current period, which otherwise is required by ASC paragraph 250-10-50-1(b)(2). However, an entity should disclose the effect of the changes on any prior periods that have been retrospectively adjusted. In addition, under this method, the entity may elect any of the following practical expedients: 				
	 An entity need not restate contracts that begin and are completed within the same annual reporting period. 				
	b. For completed contracts that have variable consideration, an entity may use the transaction price at the date the contract was completed, rather than estimating variable consideration amounts in the comparative reporting periods.				
	c. For all reporting periods presented before the date of initial application, an entity need not disclose the amount of the transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations and an explanation of when the entity expects to recognize that amount as revenue (see ASC paragraph 606-10-50-13).				
	 For contracts that were modified before the beginning of the earliest reporting period presented in accordance with ASC Topic 606, an entity need not retrospectively restate the contract for those contract modifications in 				

Type of			Based on Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	 accordance with paragraphs 606-10-25-12 through 25- 13. Instead, an entity should reflect the aggregate effect of all modifications that occur before the beginning of the earliest period presented in accordance with ASC Topic 606 when: (1) identifying the satisfied and unsatisfied performance obligations, (2) determining the transaction price, and (3) allocating the transaction price to the satisfied and unsatisfied performance obligations. For any of the foregoing practical expedients that an entity uses, the entity should apply that expedient consistently to all contracts within all reporting periods presented and should disclose: (a) the expedients that have been used, and (b) a qualitative assessment of the estimated effect of applying each of those expedients, to the extent reasonably possible. 				
	2. Retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying ASC Topic 606 recognized at the date of initial application. Under this transition method, the entity (a) should recognize the cumulative effect of initially applying ASC Topic 606 as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings (or other appropriate components of equity in the balance sheet) of the annual reporting period that includes the date of initial application, and (b) may elect to apply the guidance retrospectively either to all contracts at the date of initial application or only to contracts that are not completed at the date of initial application or only to contracts that are not completed at the date of initial application or only to contracts that are not completed at the date of initial application or only to contracts that are not completed at the date of initial application or only to contracts that are not completed at the date of initial application or only to contracts that are not completed at the date of initial application or only to contracts that are not completed at the date of initial application. Under this transition method, the entity may apply the practical expedient for contract modifications in item 1(d) above. If an entity applies the practical expedient for contract modifications, in tem 1(d) above. In addition, under this method, the entity should disclose the nature of and reason for the change in accounting principle and provide the following disclosures in reporting periods that include the date of initial application:				
	a. The amount by which each financial statement line item is affected in the current reporting period by the application of ASC Topic 606 as compared to the guidance that was in effect before the change; and				
	b. An explanation of the reasons for significant changes. For purposes of the transition guidance under both methods above, the date of initial application is the start of the reporting period in which an entity first applies ASC Topic 606 and a completed contract is one for which all (or substantially all) of the revenue was recognized in accordance with revenue guidance that is in effect before the date of initial application.				

Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
Modify	Under "Receivables and Revenue Analytical," added substep 1.g., as follows: We compared sales volume, based on recorded revenue amounts, with production capacity (<i>Note:</i> Recorded sales volume in excess of capacity should raise a red flag about potential fictitious sales).	Procedures steps	N		
Modify	Under "AR Not Confirmed," added new step (step 20.) as follows: If, in accordance with AU-C 505, <i>External Confirmations</i> , we determined that confirmation of receivables is not necessary, we documented our acceptable reason for not confirming receivables. This program step will be marked N/A if you answer, "Do the financial statements include any accounts receivable?" as No or "Do we plan on confirming receivables?" as Yes.	Procedures steps	Y	Peer review checklist A224	
Modify	Modified step heading "Receivables Cutoff" to "Receivables and Revenue Cutoff"	Procedures steps	N		Step will retain on roll forward using default settings.
Modify	Under "Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts," modified (step 6g(2)) as follows: Compared provisions for bad debts as a percent of patient revenues net of contractual allowances to the prior period and investigated fluctuations greater than% of tolerable misstatement.	Procedures steps	N		Step will reset on roll forward due to content changes.
Modify	Under "Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts," modified (step 7h) as follows: We computed prior period actual allowance for non-third- party accounts receivable by utilizing current write-offs relating to prior period (net of current recoveries related to prior period write-offs) plus all accounts receivable over 365 days old (if performed at period-end). We estimated current period allowance by applying actual calculated prior period net allowance rate from above to current period non-third-party accounts receivable, as adjusted for any significant changes in payor mix, aging, or other factors as well as any allowance required for third-party receivables (e.g., unusually old third-party receivable balances).	Procedures steps	N		Step will reset on roll forward due to content changes.

Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
Modify	Under "Contractual Adjustments," modified (step 9a) as follows: We considered the results of the analytical procedures. We inquired of management whether there were any increases to the gross charge rates during the year. If so, we considered these increases in the development of our expectations regarding contractual allowance percentages especially if the client's reimbursement rates with third parties didn't increase at the same rate.	Procedures steps	N		Step will reset on roll forward due to content changes.
Modify	Under "Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts," modified (step 9d3) as follows: We tested the accuracy of the unpaid claims logs by reviewing subsequent receipts or other supporting documentation (e.g., DRG coding, contract). We verified the accuracy of whether contractual allowances were taken at the time of billing or at the time of payment for major third-party payors during the testing of individual patient transactions. (Note contractual allowances could be taken at the time of billing for inpatients and at the time of payment for outpatients for the same payor)	Procedures steps	N		Step will reset on roll forward due to content changes.
AUD-804	: Third Party Settlements				
Modify	Under "Account Summary" step c modified as follows: We agreed adjustments to the accounts to supporting documentation, such as third-party correspondence, tentative and final settlements, lump-sum adjustments, and a draft of current year cost reports. We vouched large payments made to payors.				Step will reset on roll forward due to content changes.
Modify	Under "Account Summary" step d modified as follows: We evaluated whether third-party audit adjustments to prior year cost reports were appropriately recorded in the current year financial statements. We also determined if client management made other adjustments to the prior year third-party settlement accounts and inquired of management regarding the reasons for such changes. All changes to prior year reserves that were recorded as an increase or decrease to net income in the current year income statement were quantified for the change in estimate disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.				Step will reset on roll forward due to content changes.

Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
Modify	Under "Recalculation of Receivable/Payable" step 6 modified as follows: We calculated or recomputed entity's calculation of current year's estimated third-party receivable/payable and allowance, if any. If the current year cost report was not prepared prior to the completion of the audit, we analyzed management's methodology utilized to calculate its estimated settlements for consistency with the settlement calculations in the cost report and tested the relevant inputs to the calculation.				Step will reset on roll forward due to content changes.
AUD-806	Audit Program: Prepaid Expenses, Deferred Charges, and	d Other Assets	1		
Delete	Under the "Cash Value Life Insurance" heading, modified substep 5.c.: We evaluated whether the insurance policy has been pledged as collateral and evaluated whether the accounting for the related loan was appropriate.	Procedures steps	N		Step will reset on roll forward due to content changes.
AUD-807	Audit Program: Intangible Assets		1		
Delete; Modify	 Deleted Practice Alerts on 2015-05 and 2014-08; added new Practice Alerts as follows: Practice Alert: In January 2017, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2017-01, <i>Business Combinations (Topic 805): Clarifying the Definition of a Business</i>, which clarifies the definition of a business. The amendments affect all companies and other reporting organizations that must determine whether they have acquired or sold a business. The definition of a business affects many areas of accounting including acquisitions, disposals, goodwill, and consolidation. The amendments are intended to help companies and other organizations evaluate whether transactions should be accounted for as acquisitions (or disposals) of assets or businesses. The amendments provide a more robust framework to use in determining when a set of assets and activities is a business. They also provide more consistency in applying the guidance, reduce the costs of application, and make the definition of a business more operable. For public companies, the amendments are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those periods. For all other companies and organizations, the amendments are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019. 	Purpose	Y	ASU No. 2017-01; ASU No. 2017-04	

Type of			Based on Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	Practice Alert: In January 2017, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2017-04, Intangibles—Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment. To simplify the subsequent measurement of goodwill impairment test. The annual, or interim, goodwill impairment test is performed by comparing the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount. An impairment charge should be recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit's fair value; however, the loss recognized should not exceed the total amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit. In addition, income tax effects from any tax deductible goodwill on the carrying amount of the reporting unit should be considered when measuring the goodwill impairment loss, if applicable.				
	The amendments also eliminate the requirements for any reporting unit with a zero or negative carrying amount to perform a qualitative assessment and, if it fails that qualitative test, to perform Step 2 of the goodwill impairment test. An entity still has the option to perform the qualitative assessment for a reporting unit to determine if the quantitative impairment test is necessary.				
	The amendments should be applied on a prospective basis. The nature of and reason for the change in accounting principle should be disclosed upon transition. A public business entity that is an SEC filer should adopt the amendments for its annual or any interim goodwill impairment tests in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. A public business entity that is not an SEC filer should adopt the amendments for its annual or any interim goodwill impairment tests in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. All other entities (including not-for-profit entities) which adopt the amendments should do so for their annual or any interim goodwill impairment tests in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. All other entities (including not-for-profit entities) which adopt the amendments should do so for their annual or any interim goodwill impairment tests in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021. Early adoption is permitted for interim or annual goodwill impairment tests performed on testing dates after January 1, 2017.				
	Practice Alert: In February 2016, the FASB issued its new lease accounting guidance in Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-02, <i>Leases (Topic 842)</i> . Under the new guidance, lessees will be required recognize the following for all leases (with the exception of short-term leases) at the commencement date:				
	 A lease liability, which is a lessee's obligation to make lease payments arising from a lease, measured on a discounted basis; and A right-of-use asset, which is an asset that represents the lessee's right to use, or control the use of, a specified asset for the lease term. 				
	Under the new guidance, lessor accounting is largely unchanged. Certain targeted improvements were made to align, where necessary, lessor accounting with the lessee accounting model and ASC Topic 606, <i>Revenue from Contracts with Customers</i> .				

			Based on		
Type of		.	Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	The new lease guidance simplified the accounting for sale and leaseback transactions primarily because lessees must recognize lease assets and lease liabilities. Lessees will no longer be provided with a source of off-balance sheet financing from leasing transactions. Public business entities should apply the amendments in ASU 2016-02 for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years (i.e., January 1, 2019, for a calendar year entity). Nonpublic business entities should apply the amendments for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019 (i.e., January 1, 2020, for a calendar year entity), and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. Early application is permitted for all public business entities and all nonpublic business entities upon issuance. Lessees (for capital and operating leases) and lessors (for sales- type, direct financing, and operating leases) must apply a modified retrospective transition approach for leases existing at, or entered into after, the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements. The modified retrospective approach would not require any transition accounting for leases that expired before the earliest comparative period presented.				
Modify	Lessees and lessors may not apply a full retrospective transition approach. Primary Audit Objectives table, item A wording modified;	Table	N		
	now reads as follows: Balances of intangible assets subject to amortization in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework represent valid future economic benefits based on past transactions, are properly allocated to future periods and/or realized in the ordinary course of business.				
Modify	Added program step heading "Inquire of Management" and step 5, which reads as follows: We inquired of management regarding intangible assets, including goodwill. (CO)	Procedures steps	N		
Modify	Under "Triggering Events and Goodwill Impairment", modified wording in the Impairment Reversal Practice Point in step 9.d. to read as follows: Practice Point: Subsequent reversal of a previously recognized goodwill impairment loss is generally prohibited.	Procedures steps	N		

			Based on		
Type of			Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
New	New TQ, "Does the entity offer employees self-insured health insurance plans?"				
New	New sections with steps:				
	Self-insured Employee Health Insurance Plans Inquiry				
	8. We inquired about the existence of self-insurance plans with respect to employee health insurance. If yes: and substeps				
	Self-insured Employee Health Insurance Plans				
	For self-insured employee health insurance programs where management does not use an actuary to determine the liability for claims incurred but not reported (IBNR), perform the following procedures to test claims obligations: and substeps.				
Modify	Under "Postemployment Benefits (Including Defined Contribution Plans and Defined Benefit Plans) step 10g(1) modified:				Step will reset on roll forward due to content changes.
	We evaluated whether the actuary used the proper valuation method to determine the present value of the entity's defined benefit obligations and the related current service cost and, where applicable, past service cost. We determined whether the discount rate utilized on the valuation was reasonable in relation to the appropriate benchmark discount rate modified by the actuary for any unique characteristics of the plan or plan participants as of the current year end.				
Modify	Added program step heading "Claims Incurred But Not Reported (IBNR) and step 13, as follows:	Procedures steps	N		
	We considered the existence of claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) and evaluated whether they were properly accounted for at the balance sheet date.				
AUD-811	Audit Program: Medical Malpractice Loss Contingencies				
Modify	Under "Loss Run Reports" step 4 modified: We obtained the loss run reports from third-party administrators or the entity and on a test basis verified the information relating to the asserted claims in the schedule obtained above. We obtained the prior year loss run report and determined whether prior year significant cases				This step will reset on roll forward due to content changes.

			Based on		
Type of			Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	remained on the current year loss run. If significant cases were not on the loss run, we inquired of management regarding how the cases were settled. We compared the amount of the final settlement with the total estimated loss reflected on the prior year loss run. We inquired as to the reason for significant variances and considered whether there was a trend to overstate or understate the estimated loss amounts.				
Modify	Under "Professional and General Liability Insurance Policies" step 5a modified:				This step will reset on roll forward due to content changes.
	We determined the amount of coverage (per occurrence and in the aggregate), deductibles, and type of coverage (claims-made or occurrence basis) the entity has obtained. We considered whether the policies covered legal expenses on a first dollar basis or whether they were subject to the deductible.				
Modify	Under "Claims Made Policy" step 10a modified: If the entity uses an actuary to estimate claims made IBNR, perform the steps in Self-Insurance, step b, above. If not, developed an independent analysis to the estimate of accrual for claims incurred but not reported and compared the analysis to the recorded amounts.				This step will reset on roll forward due to content changes.
	Audit Program: Contributions Receivable, Related Suppo Agreements	ort, Contributi	on Revenue,	and Split-	
Modify	Under "Confirmations Not Received for Recipients of Goods and Services" step 24a modified:				This step will reset on roll forward due to content changes.
	We traced the receivable as of the fiscal year end to a listing of goods and services received in the following fiscal year.				
AUD-813	Audit Program: Income Taxes				
Modify	Added Practice Alert: Practice Alert : In October 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-16, <i>Income Taxes (Topic 740):</i> <i>Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory.</i> Current GAAP prohibits the recognition of current and deferred income taxes for an intra-entity asset transfer until the asset has been sold to an outside party. This prohibition on recognition is an exception to the principle of comprehensive recognition of current and deferred income taxes in GAAP.	Purpose	Y	ASU 2016-16	
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			Based on		
Type of			Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	The amendments require an entity to recognize the income tax consequences of an intra-entity transfer of an asset other than inventory when the transfer occurs. The amendments eliminate the exception for an intra-entity transfer of an asset other than inventory. Two common examples of assets included in the scope of the amendments are intellectual property and property, plant, and equipment.				
	The amendments do not include new disclosure requirements; however, existing disclosure requirements might be applicable when accounting for the current and deferred income taxes for an intra-entity transfer of an asset other than inventory. The amendments are effective for public business entities for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim reporting periods within those annual reporting periods. For all other entities, the amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim reporting periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted for all entities in the first interim period if an entity issues interim financial statements. The amendments should be applied on a modified retrospective basis through a cumulative-effect adjustment directly to retained earnings as of the beginning of the period of adoption.				
AUD-815	Audit Program: Debt Obligations				
Delete	Deleted separate item, "Debt obligations are clearly expressed and at appropriate amounts," from Primary Audit Objectives table (duplicative with item C).	Table	N		
Delete	Deleted "Debt Disclosures" heading and former step 17, (to avoid duplication with disclosures step):				
	We evaluated whether disclosures of long-term debt and capital leases including terms, interest rates, maturities, and collateral were properly made in the financial statements.				
AUD-818	Audit Program: Other Income and Expense				
Modify	Added new Practice Alert:	Purpose	Y	ASU No.	
	Practice Alert: In May 2014, the FASB issued its new revenue recognition guidance in Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2014-09, <i>Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)</i> . This ASU supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in ASC Topic 605, <i>Revenue Recognition</i> , and most industry-specific guidance. It also supersedes some cost guidance included in Subtopic 605-35, <i>Revenue Recognition—Construction-Type and Production-Type Contracts</i> .			2014-09	

Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	 The new requirements in ASU No. 2014-09, as amended by ASU No. 2015-14, <i>Revenue from Contracts with Customers</i> (<i>Topic 606</i>): <i>Deferral of the Effective Date</i>, are effective on a retrospective basis for public business entities, not-for-profit entities that have issued, or are conduit bond obligors for, securities that are traded, listed, or quoted on an exchange or an over-the-counter market, and employee benefit plans that file or furnish financial statements with or to the Securities and Exchange Commission, for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim reporting periods within that reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim reporting periods. For all other entities, the requirements are effective on a retrospective basis for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. However, all such other entities may elect early adoption only as of either: (<i>a</i>) an annual reporting periods within that reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim reporting periods within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim reporting periods within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim reporting periods within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim reporting periods within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim reporting periods within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim reporting periods within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim reporting periods within annual reporting periods beginning one year after the annual reporting period in which an entity first applies ASU No. 2014-09, as subsequently amended. An entity should apply the new guidance in ASU No. 2014-09, as subsequently amended, using one of the following two				
	 practical expedients: a. An entity need not restate contracts that begin and are completed within the same annual reporting period. 				
	b. For completed contracts that have variable consideration, an entity may use the transaction price at the date the contract was completed, rather than estimating variable consideration amounts in the comparative reporting periods.				
	c. For all reporting periods presented before the date of initial application, an entity need not disclose the amount of the transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations and an explanation of when the				

Type of			Based on Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	 entity expects to recognize that amount as revenue (see ASC paragraph 606-10-50-13). d. For contracts that were modified before the beginning of the earliest reporting period presented in accordance with ASC Topic 606, an entity need not retrospectively restate the contract for those contract modifications in accordance with paragraphs 606-10-25-12 through 25-13. Instead, an entity should reflect the aggregate effect of all modifications that occur before the beginning of the earliest period presented in accordance with ASC Topic 606 when: (1) identifying the satisfied and unsatisfied performance obligations, (2) determining the transaction price, and (3) allocating the transaction price to the satisfied and unsatisfied performance obligations. For any of the foregoing practical expedients that an entity uses, the entity should apply that expedient consistently to all contracts within all reporting periods presented and should disclose: (a) the expedients that have been used, and (b) a quiltative accessented of an entity accessent of the octimated offect of annotation periods presented and accessented and entity accessented and should disclose: (a) the expedients that have been used, and (b) a contracts within all reporting periods presented and should disclose is accessent of the octimated offect of annotation periods presented and should disclose is accessent of the octimated offect of annotation periods presented and periods presented and periods presented and periods presented and should disclose is accessented and period period period period periods presented and periods period				
	 qualitative assessment of the estimated effect of applying each of those expedients, to the extent reasonably possible. <i>Retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying ASC Topic 606 recognized at the date of initial application.</i> Under this transition method, the entity (a) should recognize the cumulative effect of initially applying ASC Topic 606 as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings (or other appropriate components of equity in the balance sheet) of the annual reporting period that includes the date of initial application, and (b) may elect to apply the guidance retrospectively either to all contracts at the date of initial application or only to contracts that are not completed at the date of initial application (e.g., January 1, 2018, for an entity with a December 31 year-end). The entity should disclose whether it has applied this guidance to all contracts that are not completed at the date of initial application or only to contracts that are not completed at the date of initial application or only to contracts that are not completed at the date of initial application or only to contracts that are not completed at the date of initial application. Under this transition method, the entity may apply the practical expedient for contract modifications in item 1(d) above. If an entity applies the practical expedient for contract modifications in item 1 above. In addition, under this method, the entity should disclose the nature of and reason for the change in accounting principle and provide the following disclosures in reporting periods that include the date of initial application: a. The amount by which each financial statement line item is affected in the current reporting period by the 				
	application of ASC Topic 606 as compared to the guidance that was in effect before the change; andb. An explanation of the reasons for significant changes.				
© 2017 CCH	For purposes of the transition guidance under both methods above, the date of initial application is the start of the reporting Incorporated and/or Its Affiliates. All Rights Reserved.			KCO-001	Page 63

			D :		
Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
Change	period in which an entity first applies ASC Topic 606 and a completed contract is one for which all (or substantially all) of the revenue was recognized in accordance with revenue guidance that is in effect before the date of initial application.	Location	1/1	Kelelence	Kon Forward Considerations
AUD-819	Audit Program: Journal Entries and Financial Statement	Review			
Modify	Under the "Consolidation or Combined Financial Statements" program step heading, added new substep 23.f., as follows:	Procedures steps	N		
	If the financial reporting period of one or more subsidiaries differs from that of the parent, we have given appropriate consideration to the effects of intervening events and transactions that materially affect the financial statements.				
AUD-821	Audit Program: Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure	es			
Modify	Added Practice Alert: Practice Alert : In June 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-13, <i>Financial</i> <i>Instruments—Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit</i> <i>Losses on Financial Instruments</i> . ASU No. 2016-13 addresses the recognition and measurement of credit losses on loans and other financial instruments, and requires additional disclosures. The new guidance, referred to as the current expected credit loss (CECL) model, requires the measurement of all expected credit losses for financial assets held at the reporting date (excluding available-for- sale debt securities) based on historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts. Forward- looking information will be used to generate credit loss estimates. ASU No. 2016-13 establishes new ASC Topic 326, <i>Financial</i> <i>Instruments—Credit Losses—Measured at Amortized Cost</i> , provides guidance on the measurement of expected credit losses on financial instruments measured at amortized cost and on leases. Subtopic 326-30, <i>Financial Instruments—Credit</i> <i>Losses—Available-for-Sale Debt Securities</i> , provides guidance on the measurement of credit losses on available-for-sale securities. ASU No. 2016-13 supersedes the impairment guidance in Subtopic 310-10, <i>Receivables—Overall</i> , and places the credit loss and the measure at amortized cost in Subtopic 326- and places the credit losses	Purpose	Y	ASU 2016-13	
	guidance for assets measured at amortized cost in Subtopic 326- 20. In addition, ASU No. 2016-13 supersedes the guidance in Subtopic 310-30, <i>Receivables—Loans and Debt Securities</i> <i>Acquired with Deteriorated Credit Quality</i> . Guidance for credit losses for purchased financial assets with a more-than- insignificant amount of credit deterioration is included in Subtopic 326-20. Guidance for purchased available-for-sale securities with				

			Based on		
Type of			Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	a more-than-insignificant amount of credit deterioration is included in Subtopic 326-30.				
	The amendments in ASU No. 2016-13 apply to all entities and affect entities that hold financial assets and net investments in leases that are not accounted for at fair value with changes in fair value reported in net income. The amendments affect loans, debt securities, trade receivables, net investments in leases, off- balance-sheet credit exposures, reinsurance receivables, and any other financial assets not excluded from the scope that have the contractual right to receive cash.				
	ASU No. 2016-13 is effective for public business entities that are SEC filers for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other public business entities that are not SEC filers, the requirements are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, including interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, including not-for-profit entities within the scope of ASC Topic 958 and employee benefit plans within the scope of ASC Topics 960 through 965 on plan accounting, the requirements are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021. Early adoption is permitted for all entities for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2018.				
	The amendments in ASU No. 2016-13 will affect entities to varying degrees depending on the credit quality of the assets held, their duration, and how current U.S. GAAP is applied.				
AUD-822	Audit Program: Variable Interest Entities				
Modify	Added Practice Alerts: Practice Alert: In October 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-17, <i>Consolidation (Topic 810): Interests Held</i> <i>through Related Parties That Are under Common Control.</i> The amendments affect reporting entities that are required to evaluate whether they should consolidate a variable interest entity (VIE) in certain situations involving entities under common control. Specifically, the amendments change the evaluation of whether a reporting entity is the primary beneficiary of a VIE by changing how a reporting entity that is a single decision maker of a VIE treats indirect interests in the entity held through related parties that are under common control with the reporting entity. The amendments do not change the characteristics of a primary beneficiary in current GAAP. A primary beneficiary of a VIE has both of the following characteristics: (1) the power to direct the activities of a VIE that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance; and (2) the obligation to absorb losses of the VIE or the right to receive benefits from the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE. If a reporting entity satisfies the first characteristic of a primary	Purpose	Y	ASU 2016-17; ASU 2015-02	
017.001	beneficiary (such that it is the single decision maker of a VIE), the amendments require that reporting entity, in determining whether it Incorporated and/or Its Affiliates. All Rights Reserved.			KCO-001	Page 65

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	satisfies the second characteristic of a primary beneficiary, to include all of its direct variable interests in a VIE and, on a proportionate basis, its indirect variable interests in a VIE held through related parties, including related parties that are under common control with the reporting entity. That is, under the amendments, a single decision maker is not required to consider indirect interests held through related parties that are under common control with the single decision maker to be the equivalent of direct interests in their entirety. Instead, a single decision maker is required to include those interests on a proportionate basis consistent with indirect interests held through other related parties.				
	If, after performing that assessment, a reporting entity that is the single decision maker of a VIE concludes that it does not have the characteristics of a primary beneficiary, the amendments continue to require that reporting entity to evaluate whether it and one or more of its related parties under common control, as a group, have the characteristics of a primary beneficiary. If the single decision maker and its related parties that are under common control, as a group, have the characteristics of a primary beneficiary. If the single decision maker and its related parties that are under common control, as a group, have the characteristics of a primary beneficiary, then the party within the related party group that is most closely associated with the VIE is the primary beneficiary.				
	The amendments are effective for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the amendments in ASU No. 2016-17 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017.				
	Early adoption of the amendments in ASU No. 2016-17 is permitted. If an entity early adopts the ASU in an interim period, any adjustments should be reflected as of the beginning of the fiscal year that includes that interim period. Entities that have not yet adopted ASU No. 2015-02 (see "Practice Alert" below) are required to adopt ASU No. 2016-17 coincident with their adoption of ASU No. 2015-02, using the same transition method. Entities that already have adopted ASU No. 2015-02 are required to apply ASU No. 2016-17 retrospectively to all relevant prior periods beginning with the fiscal year in which ASU No. 2015-02 was initially applied.				
	Practice Alert: In February 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2015-02, <i>Consolidation (Topic 810):</i> <i>Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis</i> , which is intended to improve targeted areas of consolidation guidance for legal entities such as limited partnerships, limited liability corporations, and securitization structures (collateralized debt obligations, collateralized loan obligations, and mortgage-backed security transactions). The ASU focuses on the consolidation evaluation for reporting organizations that are required to evaluate whether they should consolidate certain legal entities and affects both the variable interest entity (VIE) and voting interest entity consolidation models. The ASU does not change the general approach for				

Type of			Based on Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	applying the VIE model and does not alter the definition of a variable interest.				
	The following are the more significant provisions of ASU No. 2015- 02:				
	 Modify the evaluation of whether limited partnerships and similar legal entities are VIEs or voting interest entities and eliminate the presumption that a general partner should consolidate a limited partnership. Specifically: 				
	a. There is an additional requirement that limited partnerships and similar legal entities must meet to qualify as voting interest entities. A limited partnership must provide partners with either (i) substantive kick-out rights or (ii) substantive participating rights over the general partner to meet this requirement.				
	b. The specialized consolidation model and guidance for limited partnerships and similar legal entities have been eliminated. There is no longer a presumption that a general partner should consolidate a limited partnership.				
	c. For limited partnerships and similar legal entities that qualify as voting interest entities, a limited partner with a controlling financial interest should consolidate a limited partnership. A controlling financial interest may be achieved through holding a limited partner interest that provides substantive kick-out rights.				
	 Affect the consolidation analysis of reporting entities that are involved with VIEs, particularly those that have fee arrangements and related party relationships. Specifically: 				
	a. Fee arrangements—The ASU eliminates three of the six criteria for evaluating whether a fee paid to a decision maker or a service provider represents a variable interest; this is likely to result in fewer fee arrangements being considered variable interests since the three criteria that have been removed have historically caused many fee arrangements to be variable interests.				
	b. Related party relationships—In instances in which no single party has a controlling financial interest in a VIE, current GAAP requires interests held by a reporting entity's related parties to be treated as though they belong to the reporting entity when evaluating whether a related party group has the characteristics of a primary beneficiary. Under ASU No. 2015-02, for purposes of determining whether a single reporting entity (single decision maker) is the primary beneficiary of a VIE, single decision				

Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	 makers should include their direct variable interests in the entity and, on a proportionate basis, their indirect variable interests in the entity held through related parties (or de facto agents). For example, if the single decision maker owns a 20 percent interest in a related party and that related party owns a 40 percent interest in the entity being evaluated, the single decision maker's indirect interest in the VIE held through the related party would be equivalent to an 8 percent direct interest in the VIE. (<i>Note:</i> See "Practice Alert" above regarding ASU No. 2016-17, <i>Consolidation (Topic 810): Interests Held through Related Parties That Are under Common Control</i>, which affects reporting entities that are required to evaluate whether they should consolidate a VIE in certain situations involving entities under common control.) Provide a scope exception from consolidation guidance for reporting entities under common control.) Provide a scope exception from consolidation guidance for reporting entities with interests in legal entities that are required to comply with or operate in accordance with requirements that are similar to those in Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 for registered money market funds. Specifically, the amendments in ASU N0. 2015-02 rescind the indefinite deferral of FASB Statement No. 167, <i>Amendments to FASB Interpretation No.</i> 46(<i>R</i>), included in FASB Accounting Standards Update No. 2010-10, <i>Consolidation (Topic 810): Amendments for Certain Investment Funds</i>. However, the amendments provide a scope exception from ASC Topic 810 for registered money market funds. The ASU clarifies that in a series fund structure (e.g., multiple mutual funds within one umbrella trust entity), each individual fund required to comply with the operate in accordance with requirements similar to those in Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 for registered money market funds. The ASU clarifies that in a series fund structure (e.g., multiple mut				
	Deleted outdated Practice Points (ASU 2014-07; ASU 2014-13)				

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Type of			Based on Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	1 0	Location	1/11	itererenee	Ron Forward Considerations
AUD-823	Audit Program: Share-Based Payments				
Modify	 Added Practice Alert: Practice Alert: In March 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-09, Compensation—Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share- Based Payment Accounting. The amendments are intended to improve the accounting for employee share-based payment awards to their employees. Several aspects of the accounting for share- based payment award transactions are simplified, including: (a) income tax consequences; (b) classification of awards as either equity or liabilities; and (c) classification on the statement of cash flows. The amendments also simplify two areas specific to private companies: Practical Expedient for Expected Term: In lieu of estimating the period of time that a share-based award will be outstanding, private companies can now apply a practical expedient to estimate the expected term for all awards with performance or service conditions that have certain characteristics. Intrinsic Value: Private companies can now make a one- time election to switch from measuring all liability- classified awards at fair value to measuring them at intrinsic value. Previously, private companies were provided an option to measure all liability-classified awards at intrinsic value, but some private companies were unaware of that option. For public companies, the amendments are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those annual periods. For private companies, the amendments are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted for any organization in any interim or annual period. 	Purpose	Y	ASU 2016-09	
AUD-824	Audit Program: Commitments and Contingencies				
	5	1			
Modify	Under "Policies for Identifying, Evaluating, and Accounting for Commitments and Contingencies," modified step 3, which now reads as follows:	Procedures steps	N		
	We inquired of management and, where applicable, others within the entity including in-house counsel regarding its policies for identifying, evaluating, and complying with, laws and regulations, and accounting for litigation, claims, and loss contingencies.				

			Based on		
Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
Modify	Under "Management and In-House or External Legal Counsel," added substep 4.i., as follows:	Procedures steps	N		
	Buy/sell agreements. (EO, CO)				
AUD-901	Audit Program: Subsequent Events				
Modify	Minor modification in wording.	Instructions	N		
AUD-902	Audit Program: Going Concern				
Modify	Added Practice Alert: Practice Alert: For auditors who are early adopting the provisions of SAS-132 (effective for audits of financial statements for periods ending on or after December 15, 2017), <i>The Auditor's</i> <i>Consideration of an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going</i> <i>Concern</i> , this audit program will help the auditor comply with the provisions of SAS-132. See Practice Alerts below for further guidance.	Purpose	Y	SAS-132	
Modify	Modified, updated, and reorganized throughout in accordance with SAS-132 (to accommodate new accounting standard). Add new sections along with instructions, tables and procedures. Section I renamed as "Risk Assessment Procedures and Related Activities" Section II renamed as "Additional Audit Procedures When Events or Conditions Are Identified That Raise Substantial Doubt Section III renamed as "Conclusions and Implications for the Auditor's Report" Section IV will now be the results section	Throughout	Y	SAS-132	
Modify	Added new bulleted point in the purpose section: Evaluate and conclude, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements, when relevant, is appropriate; Added new paragraph: Additionally, for auditors who are early adopting the provisions of SAS-132 (effective for audits of financial	Purpose	Y	SAS-132	

Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
Change	statements for periods ending on or after December 15, 2017), <i>The Auditor's Consideration of an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern</i> , this audit program will help the auditor comply with the provisions of SAS-132. See Practice Alert below for further guidance.	Location	1/19	Kelefence	Kon Forward Considerations
Modify	Step 2 under Section I modified as: Other conditions or events that may raise substantial doubt:				Step will retain on roll forward if user selects to keep all on roll forward settings as default for this workpaper is to reset on roll forward.
Modify	 New Table in Section I with added procedures: We remained alert throughout the audit for evidence of events or conditions that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time. We determined whether management has performed a preliminary evaluation of the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If management has not yet performed a preliminary evaluation of the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, we discussed the basis for the intended use of the going concern basis of accounting with management and inquired as to whether events or conditions exist that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time. Practice Point: U.S. GAAP requires an entity's management to assess whether substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern must evaluate whether conditions and events, considered in the aggregate, indicate that it is probable the entity will not be able to meet its obligations when they become due (within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued, when applicable). Therefore, auditors should assess management's process for performing the going concern evaluation, including any potential implications on internal controls. If management has performed a preliminary evaluation of the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, we (a) discussed the evaluation with management and determined whether management has a going concern, we (a) discussed the evaluation with management and determined whether management has a going concern, we (a) discussed the evaluation with management and determined whether management has identified events or conditions that raise 				

Type of			Based on Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	 substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time, and (b) if so, obtained an understanding of management's plans to address them. 5. We inquired of management as to its knowledge of events or conditions beyond the period of its evaluation that may have an effect on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. 6. We assessed management's evaluation and supporting analysis of whether there are conditions or events that, in the aggregate, raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time. In assessing management's evaluation, we: 				
	a. Covered the same period as that used by management to make its evaluation as required by the applicable financial reporting framework, or by law or regulation if it specifies a defined period of time. If management's evaluation of the entity's ability to continue as a going concern does not meet the period of time required by the applicable financial reporting framework, we requested management to extend its evaluation period to meet the required period of time.				
	Practice Point: When performing an audit of financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP, the period of evaluation should extend at least one year from the date the financial statements are issued or available to be issued, which is typically the report date. b. Considered whether management's evaluation includes all relevant information				
	of which we are aware as a result of the audit.				
Modify	Step 3: "Based on the above, there is substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern." Has been moved below the new second table in Section I. and modified as follows: Based on the above, there are conditions or events that, in the aggregate, raise substantial doubt about the entity's				Step will retain on roll forward if user selects to keep all on roll forward settings as default for this workpaper is to reset on roll forward.

Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.				
Modify	 period of time. Section II table 2 (py section II) has modified and new steps as follows: 1. If management has not yet performed an evaluation of the entity's ability to continue as a going concern (as addressed in the guidance in Section I above), we requested that management make such an evaluation. Practice Point: If management is unwilling to perform or extend its evaluation, the auditor should consider the implications for the auditor's report. This may also indicate a deficiency in internal control that the auditor is required to evaluate in order to determine whether the deficiency constitutes a significant deficiency or material weakness. 2. If conditions or events are identified that may raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time, we obtained sufficient appropriate audit evidence to determine whether or not substantial doubt exists, and performed the following procedures: a. We evaluated management's plans for future actions in relation to its going concern assessment, and whether it is probable that management's plans (i) would mitigate the relevant conditions or events that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time and can be effectively implemented, including: 3. If management's plans include continued financial support by third parties, whether through the subordination of loans, commitments to maintain or provide additional funding, or guarantees, and such support is important to the entity's ability to continue 				Many of these steps modified here will reset on roll forward.
	 as a going concern, obtained sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the third party's <i>ability</i> and <i>intent</i> to provide the necessary financial support including the requisite, evidence in writing regarding the third party's intent (e.g., a support letter or written confirmation), if early implementing SAS-132. 4. If prospective financial information (e.g., a cash flow 				
	forecast) was prepared and considered significant to				

			Based on		
Type of			Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	 management's plans, we reviewed and evaluated such information, including: b. Whether there is adequate support for the assumptions underlying the prospective financial information, including consideration of contradictory audit evidence. 6a. Regarding its plans that are intended to mitigate the adverse effects of conditions or events that indicate there is substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as 				
	a going concern for a reasonable period of time and the probability that those plans can be effectively implemented; and				
Modify	New Section III with following steps:				
Modify	 New Section III with following steps: We concluded on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting, when relevant, in the preparation of the financial statements. Practice Point: If the financial statements were prepared using the going concern basis of accounting, but the auditor concludes that management's use of the going concern basis of accounting is inappropriate, an adverse opinion should be expressed. If conditions or events related to going concern have been identified and substantial doubt has been alleviated by management's plans, we evaluated the adequacy of related financial statement disclosures. If adequate disclosure is made in the financial statements, we expressed an unmodified opinion Practice Point: SAS-132 provides that if substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern is alleviated by management's disclosures related to the conditions and events and management's disclosures related to the conditions or events related to going concern have been identified and substantial doubt has not been 				
	alleviated by management's plans, we evaluated the adequacy of related financial statement disclosures. If adequate disclosure is made in the financial statements, we expressed an unmodified opinion and included an emphasis-of-matter paragraph in the auditor's report.				

Type of		T	Based on Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	Practice Point: The emphasis-of-matter paragraph should be expressed through the use of terms consistent with those included in the applicable financial reporting framework. In a going concern emphasis-of-matter paragraph, the auditor should not use conditional language concerning the existence of substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.				
	4) If adequate disclosure about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time is not made in the financial statements, we expressed a qualified opinion or adverse opinion, as appropriate, and we stated in the auditor's report that events or conditions exist that may indicate substantial doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.				
	5) We communicated with those charged with governance, when applicable, events or conditions identified that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time. That communication included:				
	a) The nature of the conditions or events identified.				
	b) The adequacy of related disclosures in the financial statements.				
	c) The implications for the auditor's report.				
	 d) If early implementing SAS-132, communications with those charged with governance also included the following: 				
	 Whether the conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time constitute substantial doubt; 				
	ii) The auditor's consideration of management's plans; and				
	iii) Whether management's use of the going concern basis of accounting, when relevant, is appropriate in the preparation of the financial statements.				
	6) If management has not yet performed an evaluation of the entity's ability to continue as a going concern (as				

Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	addressed in the guidance in Section I above), we requested that management make such an evaluation. Practice Point: If management is unwilling to perform or extend its evaluation, the auditor should consider the implications for the auditor's report. This may also indicate a deficiency in internal control that the auditor is required to evaluate in order to determine whether the deficiency constitutes a significant deficiency or material weakness.				
Modify	PY Section III table step was modified as follows:2. If there is significant delay in the expected issuance of the financial statements by management or those charged with governance, we inquired as to the reasons for the delay. If the delay could be related to the going concern evaluation, we:				
Modify	 Added Practice Alert: Practice Alert: In February 2017, the AICPA issued SAS-132, The Auditor's Consideration of an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern, which supersedes SAS-126 (AU-C Section 570) of the same title. The AICPA retained several concepts from SAS-126 (AU-C Section 570), including the requirement for the auditor to separately conclude whether there is substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time. The most significant changes to AU-C Section 570 under the new standard include Evaluation of and conclusion on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting, when relevant, in preparing financial statements. Specifically, SAS-132 clarifies that the auditor's objectives include separate determinations and conclusions regarding: (1) the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements, and (2) whether, based on the audit evidence obtained, substantial doubt exists about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time. New requirements regarding the auditor's consideration of financial support by third parties or the entity's owner-manager. Specifically, SAS-132 indicates that when management's plans include financial support by third parties or the entity's owner-manager, and such support is necessary in supporting management's assertions about the entity's 	Instructions	Y	SAS-132	

			Based on		
Type of			Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time, the auditor should obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence about: (1) the <i>intent</i> of such supporting parties to provide the necessary financial support, including written evidence of such intent, and (2) the <i>ability</i> of such supporting parties to provide the necessary financial support.				
	 Emphasis-of-matter paragraph when substantial doubt is alleviated by management's plans. Specifically, SAS-132 includes application and other explanatory material addressing situations when substantial doubt has been alleviated by management's plans. The guidance indicates that, when the auditor concludes that management's disclosures in the financial statements are adequate, the auditor may decide to include an emphasis-of-matter paragraph that makes reference to management's disclosures related to the conditions and events and management's related plans. 				
	• Period beyond management's evaluation. Specifically, SAS-132 includes a requirement that the auditor inquire of management regarding its knowledge of conditions or events beyond the period of management's evaluation that may have an effect on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. This is not intended to require management to extend its evaluation period beyond the requirements of the applicable financial reporting framework, but may affect other disclosure requirements or consideration of whether the financial statements are fairly presented.				
	SAS-132 also amends SAS-122, Statements on Auditing Standards: Clarification and Recodification, as follows:				
	 Section 800, Special Considerations—Audits of Financial Statements Prepared in Accordance With Special Purpose Frameworks, as amended (AU-C Section 800). Specifically, AU- C Section 800 has been amended to specify that special purpose financial statements may or may not be prepared in accordance with an applicable financial reporting framework for which the going concern basis of accounting is relevant. When it is not relevant, the auditor is not required to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis 				

			Based on					
Type of		. .	Standard	Standard				
Change	Description of Change required to conclude whether or not substantial	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations			
	 doubt exists and to evaluate the possible financial statement effects, including adequacy of disclosures. Section 930, Interim Financial Information (AU-C Section 930). Specifically, AU-C Section 930 has been amended to require performing review procedures to address the situations when the applicable financial reporting framework includes requirements for management to evaluate the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time in preparing interim financial information. (Note that procedures are also still required if the applicable reporting framework does not include requirements for management to evaluate the entity's ability to continue as a going concern if (1) there was substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern if (1) there was substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern at the date of the prior period financial statements, even if that doubt was alleviated by management's plans, or (2) substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern was raised in the course of performing review procedures on the current period financial information.) Also, AU-C Section 930 has been amended to include a new requirement for the auditor to include an emphasis-of matter paragraph in the review report when certain conditions or events exist related to substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern, in order to achieve consistency in auditor reporting in both the annual audit and interim financial information. SAS-132 is effective for audits of financial statements for periods ending on or after December 15, 2017 and reviews of interim financial information. 							
AUD-903	Audit Program: Consideration of Fraud							
Modify	Under Documenting Fraud-Related Procedures, added substep 1.e., as follows:	Procedures steps	N					
	We incorporated an element of unpredictability in the selection of audit procedures throughout the engagement.							
	AUD-904 Audit Program: Compliance with Laws and Regulations, Violations of Contract Provisions and Grant Agreements, and Abuse							

			Based on		
Type of			Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
Modify	Under "Procedures Related to Consideration of Compliance with Laws and Regulations" modified step 1:				
	1. We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework applicable to the entity and the sector of the health care industry in which the entity operates, including the identification of instances of noncompliance, by performing the following steps:				
	a. Understanding the entity's policies and procedures for compliance with laws and regulations;				
	 Inquiring of management regarding compliance with laws and regulations; 				
	c. Understanding those laws and regulations that directly determine the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements;				
	d. Inspecting correspondence, if any, with the relevant licensing or regulatory authorities; and				
	e. Incorporating our knowledge of the entity's history of noncompliance with laws and regulations.				
	 f. Evaluating how the entity is complying with that legal and regulatory framework, including inquiring as to whether management has designated a person or group of persons with the responsibility to ensure compliance with laws and regulations, that are presently enacted and on the verge of being enacted. 				
	g. Determining the role of the entity's corporate compliance officer and the various compliance initiatives that the entity has in place, and inquiring about the corporate compliance officer's work plan and whether the compliance officer has identified any significant corporate compliance matters.				
New	New practice point under "Reporting Noncompliance to Regulatory and Enforcement Authorities" step 3"				

Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	Practice Point: Government Auditing Standards require reporting of likely violations of provisions of contracts and grant agreements or abuse to parties directly outside the entity in two circumstances: (1) when entity management and those charged with governance fail to meet legal or regulatory requirements to report such findings to the required external parties, and (2) when entity management and those charged with governance fail to respond to such findings that are material and involve funding received directly or indirectly from another governmental agency.				
New	New sections with steps as follows:		Y	GAGAS	
	Violations of Contract Provisions or Grant Agreements				
	Practice Point: In audits performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, the auditor is also required to design the audit to provide reasonable assurance of detecting misstatements that result from violations of provisions of contracts and grant agreements that could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts.				
	15. We inquired of management as to any known violations of contract provisions or grant agreements.				
	16. We inquired of, and discussed with, appropriate client personnel specific information obtained during the course of performing auditing procedures (e.g., contract compliance actions, monitoring, audits, or investigations by granting agencies).				
	17. We considered, prior to commencement of the audit, reaching an understanding with those charged with governance as to their expectations regarding the communications about violations of contract provisions or grant agreements to be made during the engagement.				
	18. We designed audit tests to detect, with reasonable assurance, material misstatements that may result from the violation of provisions of contracts (such as debt contract covenants) and grant agreements.				
	Practice Point: Most of the audit programs in AUD-801 Audit Program: Cash through AUD-821 Audit Program: Concentrations contain additional procedures the auditor may select to address violations of provisions of contracts or grant agreements.				
	19. If there is evidence of violations of provisions of contracts or grant agreements, we performed the following procedures:				
	a. We obtained an understanding of the nature of the violation and circumstances giving rise to it.				

Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	b. We obtained sufficient information to evaluate the effects of the violation on the financial statements and the auditor's report.				
	c. We consulted with the entity's legal counsel or other specialists, as considered necessary.				
	d. We considered possible effects on amounts presented in the financial statements, including any loss contingencies.				
	e. We ascertained that the governing body, audit committee, or others charged with governance are adequately informed about the violations.				
	f. We evaluated the conclusions reached by the client, including whether an appropriate course of action has been taken regarding the violations.				
	g. We reevaluated the following factors: engagement risk; reliance on management's role in the functioning of internal control; reliance on management's representations; and validity and propriety of other similar transactions.				
	h. We considered the implications of the violations on other aspects of the audit.				
	20. We evaluated whether a duty exists to notify third parties outside the entity of the violations, for example, to comply with certain legal and regulatory requirements or to respond to a subpoena.				
	Practice Point: Government Auditing Standards require reporting of likely violations of provisions of contracts and grant agreements to parties directly outside the entity in two circumstances: (1) when entity management and those charged with governance fail to meet legal or regulatory requirements to report such finding to the required external parties, and (2) when entity management and those charged with governance fail to such findings that are material and involve funding received directly or indirectly from another governmental agency.				
	Practice Point: In audits performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, the auditor is also required to design the audit to provide reasonable assurance of detecting misstatements that result from violations of provisions of contracts and grant agreements that could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts.				

Type of			Based on Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	21. As a result of becoming aware of possible violations, we considered whether it is necessary to modify the audit report on the entity's financial statements and other reports.				
	22. We evaluated whether audit documentation of consideration of possible violations of contract provisions and grant agreements is adequate, including documentation of the following:				
	a. Inquiries made with respect to possible violations.				
	b. The entity's policies regarding the prevention of violations and the use of directives and periodic representations concerning compliance with contracts and grant agreements.				
	c. Any circumstances identified indicating the possible existence of violations and the related conclusions reached.				
	d. Evaluation of the procedures the entity performed to determine that the violation and its effect were properly accounted for and disclosed.				
	e. Management's written representations about the absence of violations, or possible violations.				
	f. Pertinent discussions and written communications with management, those charged with governance (e.g., the governing body/board of directors and the audit committee).				
	Abuse				
	Practice Point: In audits performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, the auditor is not required to test for instances of abuse. However, if during the course of the audit, you become aware of abuse that could be quantitatively or qualitatively material to the financial statements, you should apply audit procedures in an effort to determine the potential impact on the financial statements.				
	23. We inquired of management as to any known instances of abuse.				
	24. We considered, prior to commencement of the audit, reaching an understanding with those charged with governance as to their expectations regarding the				

Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	communications to be made during the engagement regarding potential instances of abuse.				
	25. If there is evidence of potential instances of abuse that came to our attention during the audit, we performed the following procedures:				
	a. We obtained an understanding of the nature of the potential abuse and the circumstances giving rise to it.				
	b. We obtained sufficient information to evaluate the effects of the potential abuse on the financial statements and the auditor's report.				
	c. We consulted with the entity's legal counsel or other specialists, as considered necessary.				
	d. We considered possible effects of the potential abuse on amounts presented in the financial statements, including any loss contingencies.				
	e. We ascertained that those charged with governance (e.g., the governing body/board of directors and audit committee) are adequately informed about the potential abuse.				
	f. We evaluated the conclusions reached by the entity, including whether an appropriate course of action has been taken regarding the potential abuse.				
	g. We reevaluated the following factors: engagement risk; reliance on management's role in the functioning of internal control; reliance on management's representations; and validity and propriety of other similar transactions.				
	h. We considered the implications of the potential abuse on other aspects of the audit.				
	i. If there is evidence of potential instances of abuse that came to our attention during the audit, we performed the following procedures:				
	26. We evaluated whether a duty exists to notify third parties outside the entity of the potential abuse, for example, to comply with certain legal and regulatory requirements or to respond to a subpoena.				

Type of Change Description of Change Location Standard V/N Reference Roll Forward Considerations Practice Point: Government Auding Standards require reporting of likely instances of abuse directly outside the entry in two constraints: (1) with many many many many many many many many				Based on		
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consideration of instances of potential abuse is adequate, including documentation of the following: a. Inquiries made with respect to the potential abuse. b. The entity's policies regarding the prevention of abuse and the use of directives and periodic representations concerning such abuse. b. The entity's policies regarding the prevention of abuse and the use of directives and periodic representations concerning such abuse. c. Any circumstances identified indicating the potential abuse and the related conclusions reached. d. Evaluation of the procedures the entity performed to determine that the potential abuse and its effect were properly accounted for and disclosed. d. Evaluation of instances of abuse or potential abuse. f. Pertinent discussions and written communications with management and those charged with governance (e.g., the governing body/board of directors and the audit committee). w. SAS-132 Modify Added Practice Alert: Pretice Alert: Instructions Y SAS-132 Modify Consideration of and stage of SAS-132 (AUC Section 570) of the same tift is consideration of abuse of SAS-132 (AUC Section 570) of the same tift is consideration of abuse or potential abuse. Instructions Y		audit report on the entity's financial statements and other				
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SAS-132, The Auditor's Consideration of an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern, which supersedes SAS-126 (AU-C Section 570) of the same title. The AICPA retained several concepts from SAS-126	Modify	Added Practice Alert:	Instructions	Y	SAS-132	
title. The AICPA retained several concepts from SAS-126		SAS-132, The Auditor's Consideration of an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern, which				
		title. The AICPA retained several concepts from SAS-126				

Type of			Based on Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	(AU-C Section 570), including the requirement for the auditor to separately conclude whether there is substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time. The most significant changes to AU-C Section 570 under the new standard include				
	 Evaluation of and conclusion on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting, when relevant, in preparing financial statements. Specifically, SAS-132 clarifies that the auditor's objectives include separate determinations and conclusions regarding: (1) the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements, and (2) whether, based on the audit evidence obtained, substantial doubt exists about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time 				
	 going concern for a reasonable period of time. New requirements regarding the auditor's consideration of financial support by third parties or the entity's owner-manager. Specifically, SAS-132 indicates that when management's plans include financial support by third parties or the entity's owner-manager, and such support is necessary in supporting management's assertions about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time, the auditor should obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence about: (1) the <i>intent</i> of such support, including written evidence of such intent, and (2) the <i>ability</i> of such supporting parties to provide the necessary financial support. 				
	• Emphasis-of-matter paragraph when substantial doubt is alleviated by management's plans. Specifically, SAS-132 includes application and other explanatory material addressing situations when substantial doubt has been alleviated by management's plans. The guidance indicates that, when the auditor concludes that management's disclosures in the financial statements are adequate, the auditor may decide to include an emphasis-of-matter paragraph that makes reference to management's disclosures related to the conditions and events and management's related plans.				
	 Period beyond management's evaluation. Specifically, SAS-132 includes a requirement 				

Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	that the auditor inquire of management regarding its knowledge of conditions or events beyond the period of management's evaluation that may have an effect on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. This is not intended to require management to extend its evaluation period beyond the requirements of the applicable financial reporting framework, but may affect other disclosure requirements or consideration of whether the financial statements are fairly presented.				
	 SAS-132 also amends SAS-122, Statements on Auditing Standards: Clarification and Recodification, as follows: Section 800, Special Considerations—Audits of Financial Statements Prepared in Accordance With Special Purpose Frameworks, as amended (AU-C Section 800). Specifically, AU-C Section 800 has been amended to specify that special purpose financial statements may or may not be prepared in accordance with an applicable financial reporting framework for which the going concern basis of accounting is relevant. When it is not relevant, the auditor is not required to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting. However, the auditor is still required to conclude whether or not substantial doubt exists and to evaluate the possible financial statement effects, including adequacy of disclosures. Section 930, Interim Financial Information (AU-C Section 930). Specifically, AU-C Section 930 has been amended to require performing review procedures to address the situations when the applicable financial reporting framework includes requirements for management to evaluate the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time in preparing interim financial information. (Note that procedures are also still required if the applicable for management to evaluate the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for an agement to evaluate the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for an agement to evaluate the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for an agement so for management to evaluate the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for an agement to evaluate the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for an agement to evaluate the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for an agement to evaluate the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for an agement to evaluate the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for an ag				
	going concern if (1) there was substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern at the date of the prior period financial statements, even if that doubt was alleviated by management's plans, or (2) substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern was raised in the course of performing				

			Based on		
Type of			Standard	Standard	
Change	Description of Change	Location	Y/N	Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	review procedures on the current period financial information.) Also, AU-C Section 930 has been amended to include a new requirement for the auditor to include an emphasis-of matter paragraph in the review report when certain conditions or events exist related to substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern, in order to achieve consistency in auditor reporting in both the annual audit and interim financial information.				
	SAS-132 is effective for audits of financial statements for periods ending on or after December 15, 2017 and reviews of interim financial information for interim periods beginning after fiscal years ending on or after December 15, 2017.				
Modify	Added Step 18 and substeps as follows:	Procedures	Y	SAS-132	
	If we are not early implementing SAS-132 (effective for interim periods beginning after fiscal years ending on or after December 15, 2017), or if we are early implementing, SAS-132 but the applicable financial reporting framework does NOT require management to evaluate the entity's ability to continue as a going concern as part of interim financial reporting, and if we have become aware of conditions or events that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, we performed the following procedures:	steps			
	<i>Note:</i> It ordinarily is not necessary for the auditor to obtain evidence in support of the information that mitigates the effects of the conditions and events.				
	a. Inquired of management as to its plans for dealing with the adverse effects of the conditions and events.b. Considered the adequacy of the disclosure about				
	 c. Inquired of management whether the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate (applicable only if early implementing SAS-132). 				
Modify	Added step 19 and substeps as follows: If early implementing SAS-132 (effective for interim periods beginning after fiscal years ending on or after December 15, 2017) and the applicable financial reporting framework includes requirements for management to	Procedures steps	Y	AU-C 930 (amended) , par. 16; SAS-132	

Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	 evaluate the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time in preparing interim financial information, we performed the following procedures: a. We evaluated whether the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate; b. We evaluated management's evaluation of whether there are conditions or events that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern; c. If there are conditions or events that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern; d. We evaluated the adequacy of related disclosures in the interim financial information. 				
Modify	 Added step 20 and substeps as follows: 3. If early implementing SAS-132 (effective for interim periods beginning after fiscal years ending on or after December 15, 2017), we included an emphasis-ofmatter paragraph in the auditor's review report if any of the following circumstances apply (regardless of whether the entity is required under the applicable financial reporting framework to include a statement in the notes to the interim financial information that substantial doubt exists): a. A going concern emphasis-of-matter paragraph was included in the prior year auditor's report and (i) the conditions or events giving rise to the emphasis-of-matter paragraph continue to exist, and (ii) those conditions or events that raise substantial doubt are not alleviated by management's plans. b. A going concern emphasis-of-matter paragraph 	Procedures steps	Y	SAS-132' AU-C 930 A54	
	was NOT included in the prior year auditor's report and (i) management is required under the applicable financial reporting framework to include a statement in the notes to the interim financial information that substantial doubt exists,			KCO-001	Page 88

Type of Change	Description of Change	Location	Based on Standard Y/N	Standard Reference	Roll Forward Considerations
	and (ii) management has included a statement to this effect in the notes to the interim financial information.				
	Practice Point: During the interim review, the auditor may identify conditions or events that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time. However, management may not have included in the notes to the interim financial information a statement relating to substantial doubt because management's plans have alleviated the substantial doubt or because the applicable financial reporting framework does not require inclusion of such statement in the notes to the interim financial information. In such circumstances, the auditor may include an emphasis-of-matter paragraph in the auditor's review report when management has disclosed the conditions or events but a statement related to substantial doubt is not required to be included by the applicable financial reporting framework.				

Practice Aids (AIDs) have been modified and updated, where applicable, with additional tips, references, and examples.

- AID-201 Nonattest Services Independence Checklist modified and updated with additional examples and tips; columns added to Section I table on Nature of Nonattest Services Provided; Section II table column heading modified for document-specific considerations; clarifications added based on peer review checklist; changes also made based on industry author recommendations; New TQ and updates to add GAGAS specific steps/procedures.
- AUD-301 Preliminary Analytical Procedures: Fluctuation and Ratio Analysis Updated Instructions; fluctuation tab, table column heading modified: Basis for Auditor Expectation (i.e., industry events, description of procedure performed) or Changes to Planned Risk Assessment.
- AID-302 Understanding the Entity's Revenue Streams and Revenue Recognition Policies Added Practice Alerts (ASU 2014-09; ASC 606); minor wording modifications; added step for Description of the entity's accounting policies related to revenue recognition and added consideration for contractual allowances.
- AID-601 Considering the Use of the Work of Internal Auditors Flow to KBA-102 has been removed from questions, 9, 10, and 11.
- AID-603 Component Identification and Analysis Minor wording modification based on peer review checklist.
- AID-701 Audit Sampling Worksheet for Tests of Controls Modified on basis of peer review checklist; Added an N/A option to the "Planned Assessed Level of Control Risk" and "Final Assessment of Control Risk" columns.
- AID-702 Results of Tests of Controls Modified wording to clarify controls testing.
- AID-801 Audit Sampling Worksheet for Substantive Tests of Details Modified and clarified; moved risk tables to a separate tab in the excel version; updated formula to use the visible tables in the excel version; updated formulas to prevent sample size from exceeding population size in the excel and word versions; added diagnostic if using a factor of less than 3 to determine ISI. Added rounding columns to match the excel version.
- AID-807 Investments in Securities Analysis Minor wording modifications (changed "market value to "fair value").
- AIDs 810 Change in the Denominator on Ratio of Allowance for Doubtful Accounts to be AR net of Contractual Adjustment before AFDA.
- AIDs 821, 823, 829, 831, 833 Minor wording modifications (added "The auditor should also identify any system-generated reports used in the performance of the substantive analytical procedures and ensure the completeness and accuracy of such reports are tested. Testing can be performed through general and application controls for information technology over the relevant IT application or a manual test of the report.").
- AID-826 Prepaid Insurance Analysis Added tab (Prepaid Insurance and Expense Calculation).

- AID-835 Deferred Taxes Analysis Now has tabs for PRE- and Post- ASU No. 2015-17.
- Deleted: AID-843 Operating Lease Versus Own Analysis
- Deleted: AID-844 Operating Lease Versus Capital Lease Analysis

Auditor's Reports (RPTs) have been modified and updated, where applicable, in accordance with current guidance.

- Modified RPT-0904 title to: Unmodified Opinion: Emphasis-of-Matter Paragraph Related to Going-Concern Uncertainty (Before Implementing SAS-132)
- NEW: RPT-904A Unmodified Opinion: Emphasis-of-Matter Paragraph Related to Going-Concern Uncertainty (In Accordance with SAS-132)
- RPT-1030 Unmodified Opinion: Report on an Audit Conducted in Accordance with Both U.S. GAAS and the International Standards on Auditing of Financial Statements Prepared in Accordance with U.S. GAAP Modified and updated based on AU-C Section 9077, Example 4, with footnotes for Example 3.
- NEW RPT-1030A Unmodified Opinion: Report on an Audit Conducted in Accordance with both U.S. GAAS and the International Standards on Auditing of Financial Statements Prepared in Accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)
- Modified RPT-1056 title to: Unmodified Report on a Review of Interim Financial Information: Emphasis-of-Matter Paragraph When a Going Concern Emphasisof-Matter Paragraph Was Included in the Prior Year's Audit Report, and Conditions Giving Rise to the Emphasis-of-Matter Paragraph Continue to Exist (Before Implementing SAS-132)
- NEW: RPT-1056A: Unmodified Report on a Review of Interim Financial Information: Emphasis-of-Matter Paragraph When a Going Concern Emphasis-of-Matter Paragraph Was Included in the Prior Year's Audit Report, and Conditions or Events Have Been Identified and Substantial Doubt Continues to Exist (In Accordance with SAS-132)
- NEW: RPT-1057A Unmodified Report on a Review of Interim Financial Information: Emphasis-of-Matter Paragraph When a Going Concern Emphasis-of-Matter Paragraph Was Not Included in the Prior Year's Audit Report, and When Management Is Required under the Applicable Financial Reporting Framework to Include a Statement in the Notes to the Interim Financial Information That Conditions or Events Have Been Identified and Substantial Doubt Exists and Such Statement Is Included in the Notes to the Interim Financial Information (In Accordance with SAS-132)

Correspondence Documents (CORs) have been modified and updated, where applicable, in accordance with current guidance.

- NEW COR-910 Third-Party Support Letter
- NEW COR-911 Request for Confirmation from Supporting Parties of Intent and Ability to Provide Financial Support
- CORs 201, 201A, 202, 202A Added footnote about preparation of financial statements.
- COR-216 Communication with Those Charged with Governance During Planning Added footnote about group audit.
- COR-815 Request for Confirmation of Lines of Credit Modified to add verbiage about covenant violations.
- COR-901 Management Representation Letter Updated item regarding going concern based on peer review checklist.
- COR-903 Communication with Those Charged with Governance Added practice point about misstatements; added footnote regarding group audit.

Resource Documents (RESs)

- RES-001 Knowledge-Based Audit Methodology Overview modified and updated.
- RES-002 Index of Audit Programs, Forms, and Other Practice Aids modified as appropriate to incorporate new workpapers.
- **RES-016** Assertions and Examples of "What Can Go Wrong" and Related Controls That Address What Can Go Wrong: Income Taxes Updated to accommodate ASU No. 2015-17.
- RES-017 Example Factors to be Considered When Understanding the Entity and Its Environment Added management's assessment of going concern.
- NEW RES-025 Variable Interest Entity Checklist

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- NEW RES-026 Going Concern Checklist
- **RES-GOV** Updated for Uniform Guidance
- NEW KCO-003 Answer Effects for the Engagement-Level Tailoring Questions Workpaper

In addition, forms and practice aids throughout have been updated to include new examples and tips and, where applicable, to take into account:

New literature, standards, and developments, reflected in the following current audit and accounting guidance:

Statements on Auditing Standards (SASs): SAS No. 132, *The Auditor's Consideration of an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern*

Government Auditing Standards (GAGAS) 2011 Revision; the *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* contained in the 2nd Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200 – 2CFR200;

Chapter 3 of the Yellow Book, including a new framework for independence with conditions, remediation, and safeguards

FASB Accounting Standards Codification as of June 30, 2017, and through Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2017-10, including:

- ASU No. 2017-01, Business Combinations (Topic 805): Clarifying the Definition of a Business;
- ASU No 2017-02, Not-for-Profit Entities Consolidation (Subtopic 958-810): Clarifying When a Not-for-Profit Entity That Is a General Partner or a Limited Partner Should Consolidate a For-Profit Limited Partnership or Similar Entity;
- ASU No. 2017-03, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections (Topic 250) and Investments Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323): Amendments to SEC Paragraphs Pursuant to Staff Announcements at the September 22, 2016 and November 17, 2016 EITF Meetings;
- ASU No. 2017-04, Intangibles Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment;
- ASU No. 2017-05, Other Income Gains and Losses from the Derecognition of Nonfinancial Assets (Subtopic 610-20): Clarifying the Scope of Asset Derecognition Guidance and Accounting for Partial Sales of Nonfinancial Assets;
- ASU No. 2017-06, Plan Accounting: Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Topic 960); Defined Contribution Pension Plans (Topic 962); Health and Welfare Benefit Plans (Topic 965): Employee Benefit Plan Master Trust Reporting; and
- ASU No. 2017-07, Compensation Retirement Benefits (Topic 715): Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost.
- ASU No. 2017-08, Receivables—Nonrefundable Fees and Other Costs (Subtopic 310-20): Premium Amortization on Purchased Callable Debt Securities;
- ASU No. 2017-09, Compensation—Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Scope of Modification Accounting; and
- ASU No. 2017-10, Service Concession Arrangements (Topic 853): Determining the Customer of the Operation Services.

Users of this content should consider guidance issued subsequent to these items to determine their effect on engagements conducted using this product.

RELATED, FOUNDATIONS AND ASSOCIATION WORKPAPERS FOR THIS TITLE

Related workpapers are Knowledge Coach Word workpapers where information flows in or out of tables within the workpaper. Some of these related workpapers are Foundation workpapers or associated workpapers.

Foundation Workpapers include most of the Communication Hub workpapers, which are central to the Knowledge-Based Audit Methodology used by the Knowledge Coach titles.

Associated workpapers require you to associate them with custom values, such as audit areas, specialists, service organizations, and other items. Workpapers require an association when you need to have more than one instance of a particular Knowledge Coach workpaper in your binder for each type of item to which the workpaper is related. Making this association allows Knowledge Coach information to flow properly between workpapers.

Form No.	Form Name	Foundation Workpaper	Association Workpaper
KBAs	KNOWLEDGE-BASED AUDIT DOCUMENTS		
KBA-101	Overall Audit Strategy	X	
KBA-102	Engagement Completion Document	X	
KBA-103	Evaluating and Communicating Internal Control Deficiencies	X	
KBA-105	Review of Significant Accounting Estimates	X	
KBA-200	Entity Information and Background	X	
KBA-201	Client/Engagement Acceptance and Continuance Form: Complex Entities		
KBA-201N	Client/Engagement Acceptance and Continuance Form: Noncomplex Entities		
KBA-301	Worksheet for Determination of Materiality, Performance Materiality, and Thresholds for Trivial Amounts		
KBA-302	Understanding the Entity and Its Environment: Complex Entities		
KBA-302N	Understanding the Entity and Its Environment: Noncomplex Entities		
KBA-303	Inquiries of Management and Others within the Entity about the Risks of Fraud		

Form No.	Form Name	Foundation Workpaper	Association Workpaper
KBA-400	Scoping and Mapping of Significant Account Balances, Classes of Transactions, and Disclosures	X	
KBA-401	Understanding Entity-Level Controls: Complex Entities		
KBA-401N	Understanding Entity-Level Controls: Noncomplex Entities		
KBA-402	Understanding General Controls for Information Technology		
KBA-403	Understanding Activity-Level Controls: Patient Service Revenue, Patient Accounts Receivable, and Cash Receipts		
KBA-404	Understanding Activity-Level Controls: Supplies Inventory, Purchases, and Supplies Expense		
KBA-405	Understanding Activity-Level Controls: Property and Equipment		
KBA-406	Understanding Activity-Level Controls: Other Assets		
KBA-407	Understanding Activity-Level Controls: Accounts Payable and Cash Disbursements		
KBA-408	Understanding Activity-Level Controls: Payroll		
KBA-409	Understanding Activity-Level Controls: Treasury		
KBA-410	Understanding Activity-Level Controls: Income Taxes		
KBA-411	Understanding Activity-Level Controls: Financial Reporting and Closing Process		
KBA-412	Understanding Controls Maintained by a Service Organization		X
KBA-502	Summary of Risk Assessments	X	
KBA-503	Basis for Inherent Risk Assessment		

Form No.	Form Name	Foundation Workpaper	Association Workpaper
KBA-902	Audit Review and Approval Checklist		
KBA-904	Audit Documentation Checklist		
KBA-905	Review and Approval Checklist: Interim Review of Financial Information		
AUDs	AUDIT PROGRAMS		
AUD-100	Engagement-Level Tailoring Questions	X	
AUD-101	Overall Audit Program	X	
AUD-201	Audit Program: Opening Balances and Additional Audit Procedures for an Initial Audit Engagement		
AUD-602	Audit Program: Involvement of a Component Auditor		X
AUD-603	Audit Program: Using the Work of an Auditor's Specialist		X
AUD-604	Audit Program: Using the Work of a Management's Specialist		X
AUD-701	Audit Program: Designing Tests of Controls		
AUD-800	Audit Program: Custom		X
AUD-801	Audit Program: Cash		
AUD-802A	Audit Program: Investments in Securities		
AUD-802B	Audit Program: Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities		
AUD-803	Audit Program: Patient Accounts Receivable and Net Patient Service Revenue		

Form No.	Form Name	Foundation Workpaper	Association Workpaper
AUD-804	Audit Program: Third-Party Settlements		
AUD-805	Audit Program: Supplies Inventory and Supplies Expense		
AUD-806	Audit Program: Prepaid Expenses, Deferred Charges, and Other Assets		
AUD-807	Audit Program: Intangible Assets		
AUD-808	Audit Program: Property and Equipment, and Depreciation		
AUD-809	Audit Program: Accounts Payable and Purchases		
AUD-810	Audit Program: Payroll and Other Liabilities		
AUD-811	Audit Program: Medical Malpractice Loss Contingencies		
AUD-812	Audit Program: Contributions Receivable, Related Support, Contribution Revenue, and Split-Interest Agreements		
AUD-813	Audit Program: Income Taxes		
AUD-814	Audit Program: Tax Considerations of a Tax-Exempt Health Care Organization		
AUD-815	Audit Program: Debt Obligations		
AUD-816	Audit Program: Equity		
AUD-817	Audit Program: Net Assets		
AUD-818	Audit Program: Other Income and Expense		
AUD-819	Audit Program: Journal Entries and Financial Statement Review		

Form No.	Form Name	Foundation Workpaper	Association Workpaper
AUD-820	Audit Program: Related-Party Transactions		
AUD-821	Audit Program: Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures		
AUD-822	Audit Program: Variable Interest Entities		
AUD-823	Audit Program: Share-Based Payments		
AUD-824	Audit Program: Commitments and Contingencies		
AUD-825	Audit Program: Accounting Estimates		
AUD-826	Audit Program: Concentrations		
AUD-901	Audit Program: Subsequent Events		
AUD-902	Audit Program: Going Concern		
AUD-903	Audit Program: Consideration of Fraud		
AUD-904	Audit Program: Compliance with Laws and Regulations		
AUD-907	Interim Review Program: Review of Interim Financial Information		
AUD-908	Interim Review Program: Management Inquiries		
AIDs	PRACTICE AIDS		
AID-302	Understanding the Entity's Revenue Streams and Revenue Recognition Policies		
AID-601	Considering Reliance on the Work of Internal Auditors		

Form No.	Form Name	Foundation Workpaper	Association Workpaper
AID-603	Component Identification and Analysis		
AID-702	Results of Tests of Controls		
AID-801	Audit Sampling Worksheet for Substantive Tests of Details		
AID-901	Differences of Professional Opinion		
AID-903	Audit Report Preparation Checklist		

Additional Information for Associated Workpapers

The following tables list the workpapers that require association in this title, along with the information that must be completed before you can insert each workpaper.

		What is it associated with?	
Workpaper Requiring Association	Workpaper	Table/Question	Association Item (Custom Value)
KBA-412 Understanding Ctrls:	AUD-100 Engagement- Level Tailoring Questions Workpaper	Does the entity use service organizations? Shows the "Document the service organizations used by the entity." table in KBA-101 Overall Audit Strategy.	
Service Org (Custom)	KBA-101 Overall Audit Strategy	Document the service organizations used by the entity.	Service Organization
AUD-602 Audit Program: Component Auditor Involvement	AUD-100 Engagement- Level Tailoring Questions Workpaper	Does the auditor plan to rely on audit evidence provided by a component auditor? is "Yes" Shows the "Document the audit evidence provided by the component auditor(s) that the engagement team will rely on in our engagement." table in KBA- 101 Overall Audit Strategy.	
(Custom)	KBA-101 Overall Audit Strategy	Document the audit evidence provided by the component auditor(s) that the engagement team will rely on in our engagement.	Audit Firm Name
AUD-603 Audit Program: Auditor's	AUD-100 Engagement- Level Tailoring Questions Workpaper	Does the auditor intend to use a specialist on this engagement? is "Yes" Shows the "Document the expected use of a specialist(s) on our audit." table in KBA-101 Overall Audit Strategy.	
Specialist (Custom)	KBA-101 Overall Audit Strategy	Document the expected use of a specialist(s) on our audit. Then select Auditor's Specialist from the Type of Specialist Column	Specialist Firm Name
AUD-604 Audit Program:	AUD-100 Engagement- Level Tailoring Questions Workpaper	Does the auditor intend to use a specialist on this engagement? is "Yes" Shows the "Document the expected use of a specialist(s) on our audit." table in KBA-101 Overall Audit Strategy.	
Management's Specialist (Custom)	KBA-101 Overall Audit Strategy	Document the expected use of a specialist(s) on our audit. Then select Management's Specialist from the Type of Specialist Column.	Specialist Firm Name
AUD-800 Audit Program: (Custom)	AUD-100 Engagement- Level Tailoring Questions Workpaper	What financial statement audit areas are applicable to this engagement? "Customize Audit Area" link within the answer selection box.	Custom Audit Area